Weather
Fine, hot weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 94.6 and the minimum 66.4, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 68.0 and 52.0.

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AWARD TO JAPAN OF KIAOCHOW MAY REACT ON FIUME

Peace Conference Action Makes Italy's Claims Look Brighter

GERMANS ARRIVE

Delegates Begin To Find That They Belong To Branded Nation

BELGIANS UNEASY

Failure Of Peace Treaty To Give It A Share in Colonies Is Cause

(*Reuter's Agency War Service*)

Paris, May 3.—Paris circles state that the settlement of the Kiaochow crisis is a relief, being a good augury for the return of the Italian delegation. The endorsement by the Peace Conference of Japan's claims militates in favor of Italy's claims to Fiume, it not being proved that Fiume is essential to the well being of Jugo-Slavia.

Germans Get Setback

Paris, May 3.—The German envoys arrived in Versailles full of arrogance and prepared to look up old acquaintances but they are now beginning to realise that they belong to a branded nation.

Credentials Examined

Paris, May 1.—The German Peace delegation were summoned to the Trianon Palace this morning where their credentials are to be examined.

Treaty Is Completed

Paris, May 5.—The final drafting of the peace terms has been completed and they will be presented to the Germans on the 7th at the Trianon Palace Hotel.

Belgians Dissatisfied

Paris, May 3.—Dissatisfaction exists among Belgian circles at the Peace Conference concerning the matter of colonies because Germany cedes her colonies to the United States, France, Great Britain and Japan but no mention is made of Belgium, which played a leading part in the conquest of the former German colonies in Africa.

THOUSANDS IN MOSCOW KILLED BY RED GUARD

Workers' Hunger Demonstration Cause Of Disturbance That Led To Massacre

(*Reuter's Agency War Service*)

Berlin, May 5.—The Deutsche Tages Zeitung says that 4,000 persons were recently shot or bayonetted in Moscow owing to hunger disturbances among workmen. It appears that a mass meeting raised the cry of "Away with Lenin, Trotsky and the Hunger Republic," whereupon Red Guards drove the demonstrators into squares and butchered them.

New Road To Woosung Officially Open Today

Ceremony To Mark Linking Up Of Shanghai With Town At River Mouth

After two postponements, the official opening of the new highway between Shanghai and Woosung, to be known as the Chun Koon Road in recognition of the fact that the road was constructed by soldier labor, will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Chinese Naval Hospital, Chang Hua Pang. A reception will follow the program, which will consist of the presentation of certain tablets and memorial pavilions in honor of General Lu Yung-hsiang, the local Defense Commissioner, who furnished the soldiers for the construction of the highway.

Local garages will run cars to the scene of inauguration between noon and six o'clock in the evening.

Paris Again Normal After Disturbances That Marred May Day

Strikes Throughout France End Save In Dressmaking Establishments

(*Reuter's Agency War Service*)

Paris, May 3.—Work was resumed under normal conditions yesterday throughout France and Paris has regained its normal business aspect everywhere, save in the dressmaking establishments where the strikes still prevail.

428 police were injured in Paris during the rioting on May Day. Many of the demonstrators were not French citizens.

City Dead May Day

Paris, May 1.—It is May Day but Paris seems a dead city; even civil life has stopped and rain has added a sadness to the scene.

G.$225,000 SUBSCRIBED TO VICTORY LOAN HERE

Applications Still Coming In After Sale Of Bonds At Local Banks Had Closed

Shanghai's subscription to the U.S. Victory Liberty Loan, which closed here Wednesday, amounted to nearly G. $225,000, according to figures available yesterday.

Applications for the largest part of this amount were made through the Asia Banking Corporation, which totaled subscriptions for approximately G. $150,000 worth of the bonds. G. $12,800 of this sum came from Hankow. The International Banking Corporation sold the next largest number of bonds, receiving applications amounting to over G. $80,000 in Shanghai and for G. $34,450 from Hankow.

The closing of the loan evidently took a good many people by surprise for quite a number of belated applications were made yesterday, both through the mails and in person. The greater number of requests, however, came from the outports.

REV. C.J.F. SYMONS NAMED DEAN OF CATHEDRAL

Is Chosen To Succeed Dean Walker, Who Leaves Next Easter

Subscribers to the Holy Trinity Cathedral at a meeting held yesterday in the chambers of Judge Sir Havilland de Sausmarez of the British Supreme Court appointed the Rev. C. J. F. Symons to succeed the Very Rev. A. J. Walker as Dean of the Cathedral. Dean Walker is returning to England next Easter.

The Rev. Symons was only recently made Port Chaplain and Sub-Dean. He has been in Shanghai for twenty years, having been secretary of the Church Mission Society. He is of St. John's College, Cambridge, and the son of Captain Symons of the British navy. Mr. Symons lost both of his sons in the war.

MRS. E. J. BOURNE KILLED IN FALL FROM VERANDAH

Wife Of Tientsin Man, Well Known Here, Leaps from Second Story Of Shepherd's Cafe

Leaping from a second story verandah at Shepherd's Cafe shortly after 8 o'clock last evening, Mrs. E. J. Bourne, wife of Mr. E. J. Bourne of Tientsin and well known here, plunged headlong to the pavement in Kiangse Road, dying almost instantly.

Following her fall Mrs. Bourne was placed immediately in a motor car and rushed to the General Hospital by Mr. Shepherd, assisted by two British naval petty officers, but she was dead before the hospital was reached. Her skull was fractured and both arms were broken.

Mrs. Bourne, who is the daughter of Mrs. Tweedie, also stopping at Shepherd's, was only thirty years of age and is the mother of three children. She had been suffering from mental trouble and had come from hospital last Tuesday. Her mother is prostrated and news of the tragedy will come as a shock to friends of both here as well as in Tientsin, where Mr. Bourne is connected with the firm of Perrin, Cooper and Co. Mrs. Bourne was of British nationality.

An inquest will be held today.

World As Rearranged By Peace Conference
Official Summary Of Treaty

(*Reuter's Agency War Service*)

LONDON, May 7.—The following is the official summary of the Treaty of Peace, the summary consists of a descriptive introduction, preamble and fifteen sections, of which I, VI and XIII are subjoined.

The draft to the Treaty of Peace now handed to the Germans is designed, in the first instance, to set forth the conditions upon which alone the Allied and Associated Powers will make peace with Germany and, in the second place, to establish those international arrangements which the Allies have devised for the prevention of wars in future and the betterment of mankind.

For this latter reason it includes the Covenant of the League of Nations and the International Labor Convention. The Draft Treaty, however, does not deal, except incidentally, with the problem arising out of the liquidation of the Austrian Empire, nor with the territories of the two enemy powers, Turkey and Bulgaria, except in so far as it binds Germany to accept whatever subsequent settlement may be decided upon by the Allies in the case of these belligerents.

The Treaty is divided into fifteen sections.

The first section contains the Covenant of the League of Nations, to which functions are assigned in various places by the Treaty.

The second section describes the geographical frontiers of Germany, beginning at the Northeastern point of the present Belgian frontier.

The third section, which consists of twelve clauses, binds the Germans to accept the political changes in Europe brought about by the Treaty. It establishes two new States, Czecho-Slovakia and Poland, and provides for their recognition. It revises the basis of Belgian sovereignty and alters the boundaries of Belgium. It establishes new systems of Government in Luxemburg and the Saar Basin and restores Alsace-Lorraine to France. It provides for possible additions of territory to Denmark and binds Germany to recognise the independence of German-Austria and to accept the conditions to be laid down as to those States or Governments which have created themselves since the Russian Revolution.

The fourth section deals with the political reconstruction of the territories outside Europe affected by the war. It contains a general renunciation on the part of Germany of her possessions and rights abroad. By it she yields her colonies to the Allies, together with her rights in Africa under the various international conventions, particularly the Berlin Act of 1885 and the Brussels Act of 1895, which have regulated European enterprise in tropical Africa. This section gives international recognition to the British Protectorate in Egypt and annuls the Act of Algeiras which was one step in the German policy of aggression which led to the war.

The fifth section sets forth the military, naval and air conditions of peace; limits the size of the German [illegible] army and abolishes compulsory recruiting in Germany as the [illegible] general disarmament.

The sixth section imposes on all the Signatory Powers the obligation to maintain all the graves of the fallen and regulates the return of prisoners of war.

The seventh section deals with responsibilities and punishment and provides for the trial of the ex-Emperor William.

The eighth section sets forth the reparation and restitution to be made by Germany and contains special provisions relating to documents and war trophies seized by the Germans in earlier wars.

The ninth section contains the financial clauses and is mainly designed to put into operation the provisions of the previous section.

The tenth section, which is of great length and complexity, contains the economic provisions and reestablishes the various non-political international treaties and conventions which, in such matters as posts, telegraphs and sanitary regulations, have been binding on civilised Powers before the war. Attached to this section is a special provision to regulate the traffic in opium and similar drugs.

The eleventh section deals with aerial navigation.

The twelfth section contains clauses dealing with international control of ports, canals, rivers and railways, with special provision for the Kiel Canal.

The thirteenth section contains the Labor Convention.

The fourteenth section contains the guarantees for the execution of the Treaty.

The fifteenth section is made up of a series of miscellaneous clauses, including the recognition of peace and confirmation of Prize Court decisions.

The final clauses deal with the ratification and date of entering into force of the Treaty, both the French and English texts of which are recognised as authentic.

THE PREAMBLE

The preamble, which recites shortly the origin of the war and the application of the Germans for an armistice, enumerates the High Contracting Parties, represented by the five Great Powers, the United States of America, the British Empire, France, Italy and Japan; together with Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, China, Cuba, Ecuador, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, The Headjaz, Honduras, Liberia, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Servia, Siam, Czecho-Slovakia and Uruguay on the one hand, and Germany on the other.

The plenipotentiaries representing these Powers are enumerated, "who having communicated their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed as follows:

"From the coming into force of the present Treaty the state of war will terminate. From that moment and subject to the provisions this Treaty, official relations with Germany and with each of the German States will be resumed by the Allied and Associated Powers."

SECTION I.

League of Nations

MEMBERSHIP:

The members of the League will be the signatories of the Covenant and the other States invited to accede, who must lodge a declaration of accession without reservation within two months.

Any State, Dominion or Colony may be admitted provided its admission is agreed by two-thirds of the Assembly.

A State may withdraw upon giving two years' notice if it is has fulfilled all its international obligations.

SECRETARIAT:

A permanent secretariat will be established at the seat of the League which will be Geneva.

ASSEMBLY:

The Assembly will consist of representatives of the members of the League and will meet at stated intervals.

Voting will be by States. Each member will have one vote and not more than three representatives.

COUNCIL:

The Council will consist of representatives of the five great Allied Powers together with representatives of four other members selected by the Assembly from time to time. It may co-opt additional States and will meet at least once a year.

Members not represented will be invited to send a representative when questions affecting their interests are discussed.

Voting will be by States. Each State will have one vote and not more than one representative.

The decisions taken by the Assembly and Council must be unanimous except in regard to procedure and in certain cases specified in the Covenant and in the Treaty, where decisions will be by majority.

ARMAMENTS:

The Council will formulate plans for the reduction of armaments for consideration and adoption. These plans will be revised every ten years. Once they are adopted no member must exceed the armaments fixed without the concurrence of the Council.

All members will exchange full information as to armaments and programs and a permanent Commission will advise the Council on military and naval questions.

PREVENTION OF WAR:

Upon any war or threat of war the Council will meet to consider what common action shall be taken.

The members are pledged to submit matters of dispute to arbitration or inquiry and not to resort to war until three months after the award.

The members agree to carry out an arbitral award and not to go to war with any party to a dispute which complies with it.

If a member fails to carry out an award, the Council will propose the necessary measures.

The Council will formulate plans for the establishment of a permanent Court of International Justice to determine international disputes or to give advisory opinions.

Members who do not submit their cases to arbitration must accept jurisdiction of the Council or Assembly.

If the Council, less the parties to dispute, is unanimously agreed upon the rights of 3 (correction to follow). The members agree that they will not go to war with any party to a dispute which complies with its recommendations. In this case a recommendation by the Assembly concurred in by all its members represented on the Council and a simple majority of the rest, less the parties to the dispute, will have the force of an unanimous recommendation by the Council.

In either case, if the necessary agreement cannot be secured, the members reserve the right to take such action as may be necessary for the maintenance of right and justice.

Members resorting to war in disregard of the Covenant will immediately be debarred from all intercourse with other members.

The Council will in such cases consider what military or naval action can be taken by the League collectively for the protection of its covenants and will afford facilities to members co-operating in this enterprise.

All treaties or international engagements concluded after the institution of the League will be registered with the Secretariat and published.

The Assembly may from time to time advise the members to reconsider treaties which have become inapplicable or involve danger to peace.

The Covenant abrogates all obligations between members incomsistent with its terms but nothing in it shall affect the validity of arbitration or regional understandings like the Monroe Doctrine, for securing the maintenance of peace.

THE MANDATORY SYSTEM:

The tutelage of nations not yet able to stand by themselves will be entrusted to advanced nations who are best fitted to undertake it.

The Covenant recognises three different stages of development requiring three different mandates:

(A) communities like those belonging to the Turkish empire which can be provisionally recognised as independent, subject to advice and assistance from a mandatory, in whose selection they should be allowed a voice.

(B) Communities, like those of Central Africa, to be administered by a mandatory under conditions generally approved by the members of the League, where equal opportunities for trade will be allowed to all members. Certain abuses, such as the trade in slaves, arms and liquor, will be prohibited and the construction of military and naval bases and the introduction of compulsory military training will be disallowed.

(C) Other communities like the Pacific Islands are best administered under the laws of the mandatory as integral portions of its territory. In every case the mandatory will render an annual report and the degree of its authority will be defined.

GENERAL INTERNATIONAL PROVISIONS:

Subject to and in accordance with the provision of international conventions existing or hereafter to be agreed upon, the members of the League will in general endeavor through the international organisation established by the Labor Convention, to secure and maintain fair conditions of labor for men, women and children in their own countries and in other countries and undertake to secure just treatment of the native inhabitants of the territories under their control.

They will entrust the League with a general supervision over the execution of agreements for the suppression of the traffic in women and children, etc., and the control of the trade in arms and ammunition with countries in which control is necessary.

They will make provisions for freedom of communications and transit and equitable treatment for the commerce of all members of the League with special reference to the necessities of the regions devastated during the war.

And they will endeavor to take steps for the international prevention and control of disease.

International bureaus and commissions already established will be placed under the League as well all those to be established in future.

AMENDMENTS TO THE COVENANT:

Amendments to the covenant will take effect when ratified by the Council and by the majority of the Assembly.

SECTION 6

Prisoners Of War

The repatriation of German prisoners and interned civilians is to be carried out by the Commission composed of representatives of Allies and the German Government together with local sub-commissions.

German prisoners of war and interned civilians are to be returned without delay by the German authorities at their own cost. Those under sentence for offenses against discipline committed before the 1st May, 1919, are to be repatriated without regard to the completion of their sentence but this does not apply in the case of offenses other than those against discipline.

Until the German Government has surrendered prisoners guilty of offenses against the law and customs of war, the Allies have the right to retain selected German officers.

The Allies have the right to deal at their own discretion with German nationals who do not desire to be repatriated and all repatriation is conditional on the immediate release of any Allied subjects still in Germany.

(Continued on Page 4)

KIAOCHOW ISSUE FINALLY SETTLED AS JAPAN WISHED

Is Decided Also That All Agreements Are To Be Kept

PEKING STIRRED

Developments As Result Of Students' Uprising Are Awaited

TSAO JU-LIN QUITS

Submits His Resignation From Hiding Place In Japanese Legation

(*Reuter's Agency War Service*)

Paris, May 1.—The Big Three have definitely settled the question of Kiaochow according to the Japanese view, Japan keeping the free disposal of Kiaochow.

A clause in the preliminaries of the Treaty of Peace will impose on Germany the cession of Kiaochow to Japan, it being understood that Japan will later return it to China and that the other agreements between the Japanese and Chinese Governments are still to be kept.

Meetings Held To Decide Fate Of Those Imprisoned

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, May 5.—The Shantung question and yesterday's students' demonstration continue to occupy the minds of all people in Peking. Late last night Premier Chien Neng-hsun held a private meeting at his house, most of the members of the Cabinet and Wu Ping-hsiang, Chief of police, and Li Chang-tai, Commander of the Peking garrison, being present. The meeting agreed to shut down Peking Government University for the present and advocated the severe punishment of the students caught in the raid of Tsao Ju-lin's house. The one dissenting voice was that of the Minister of Education, who accordingly presented his resignation to the President at noon today. As Hsu Hsi-chang is reported as supporting the Cabinet in its recommendation that the imprisoned students be bamboozed and is expected to issue a mandate to this effect tomorrow, it is not regarded as likely that the Minister of Education will withdraw his resignation.

33 Students Prisoners

Thirty-three students, of whom 20 are from the Government University and 8 from the Technical College, are held imprisoned. They are getting good treatment, with adequate quarters, two meals a day and permission to read the newspapers, but the indignation of their comrades at their continued detention grows apace. Tsai Yuan-pei, Chancellor of the Government University, Wang Chung-hui, of the Law Codification Bureau, and several other high officials have endeavored in vain to procure their release on bail; and the gravest fears for the order of the city are entertained in view of the Government's apparent decision to bamboo the thirty-three.

This afternoon at three o'clock a mass meeting of delegates from all the universities and schools in Peking and many educational institution in Tientsin was held in the law department of the Government University to discuss the situation and organise a nation-wide demonstration for China's rights. Twenty-five hundred delegates were present, crowding the hall to its utmost capacity, and amidst tumultuous cheering six buckets full of money, ranging from copper cash to ten-dollar bills, were collected for the conduct of a national campaign of patriotism.

Delegates To Go To Shanghai

The meeting decided unanimously to send delegates to Shanghai to arouse the students, merchants and officials in that city so that they will unite with Peking in demanding the restoration of China's rights in Shantung and the death of Tsao Ju-lin, Chang Chung-hsiang, Lu Chung-

yu and every other official who has sold out his country for foreign gold. It likewise decided to draft and send telegrams to this same effect to all the schools, universities and guilds in China. And its final decision was to send a delegation to President Hsu, asking for the release, without punishment, of their thirty-three comrades and requesting him to instruct China's delegation at Paris to either obtain the Kiaochow Leased Territory for China or leave the Treaty of Peace unsigned.

All of Peking's schools were closed today, and the meeting decided without a dissenting vote that no student would attend classes until the thirty-three are released. In this action they are getting the support of the Peking Chamber of Commerce, which sent delegates to say that it intends to refrain from purchasing Japanese goods until the students now in jail are set free. These delegates likewise hinted at a continuation of the proposed boycott until such time as China's rights in Shantung are made good.

Today's gathering at the Government University announced that all those present, as well as the great student body of which they are the representatives, will take part in any and every demonstration that has for its object the strengthening of Chinese public opinion as regards Shantung and the awakening of a genuine national patriotism. They say that "they will all be there" when the returned students hold their parade on Wednesday afternoon.

Charges Are Dismissed

This morning the committee in charge of the affairs of the Diplomatic Quarter passed on the charges preferred against Tsao's car and decided, in view of the exceptional circumstances governing the case, to dismiss the charges and return the license of the car at once.

Your correspondent visited Tsao's house this morning and found the place pretty well wrecked. Nearly every door and window in the house was broken, and inside practically every object that could be smashed lay in pieces on the floor. There was little damage from the fire, the lighting of which is still a matter of dispute, and all the buildings are practically intact.

Twenty students from the Government University and several representatives from other schools are still in jail awaiting the decision of the Government as to their cases. Most of these men are natives of Shantung and are stated to have been actively engaged in the looting of Tsao's house and in beating up Chang Chung-hsiang. The feeling of their fellow-students is running high, and Chancellor Tsai Yuan-pei of the Government University, has had great difficulty in calming them with the promise that he himself is looking after the case of those now under arrest and that a direct appeal for their release will be made to the Government. Unless this appeal receives favorable consideration, there is every reason for believing that the students will get out of hand and not only rush the police station in which their friends are locked up, but also invade the homes of Little Hsu, Tuan Chi-jui, Chin Yun-ping and General Ting Shih-yuan, of the Peking-Suiyuan Railway. The students claim that they have begun to clean house and say that they might as well make a good job of it while they are at it, unless their comrades are released and their efforts in behalf of what they consider their country's best interests meet the support to which they are entitled.

Tsao Ju-lin Resigns

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, May 6.—Tsao Ju-lin tendered his resignation to the President yesterday, stating that he hoped that it would be accepted, as he feared that otherwise not only his life but the lives of his entire family would be endangered. The President sent Tsao a note this morning, declining to accept his resignation and requesting him to remain at his post.

This action of the President's is in accordance with the best Chinese official practice, and is not regarded as meaning anything. Officials think that Tsao, who has been thoroughly frightened, will resign again, and that this time the President will let him go.

The same procedure as in Tsao's case has been followed in handling the resignation of Fu Tseng-hsiang, the Minister of Education, whose request to be relieved of his duties went in yesterday. The only difference between Fu's case and that of Tsao is that Tuan Chi-jui's party is anxious to get Fu out on account of his opposition to the arrest and proposed punishment of the 33 students. Tuan's party is hard at work on the ultimate removal of Fu and also of Tsai Yuan-pei, the Chancellor of the Government University, and from all appearances they are going to be successful in the case of the former, whose next resignation is certain to be accepted by Hsu.

Sympathises With Students

In an interview with the vernacular press correspondents this morning the President's chief secretary said that President Hsu was in genuine sympathy with the patriotic aims of the students, but that he objected strenuously to their methods. They went too far on Sunday, and further scenes like the invasion of Tsao Ju-lin's house and the drubbing of Chang Chung-hsiang must not occur.

The President said through his secretary that the Government is doing its best to save the Kiaochow Leased Territory for China, and it will bend all its energies to this task until the end. If, however, the Government fails as a result of circumstances which it is powerless to control, the nation is too weak to do otherwise than bow to the inevitable. The students should recognise this fact and act accordingly.

The President's secretary said further that the Government places the responsibility for Sunday's events upon the Ministry of Education, as it took no measures to find out and stop what was going on at the Government University and other schools. The Government will, furthermore, take steps to find out the leaders of Sunday's demonstration and punish them. He added that both Tsao Ju-lin and the family of Chang Chung-hsiang were going to sue in court those students who were guilty of acts of depredation and violence in Tsao's home on Sunday afternoon.

Peking is quiet today. There are no big meetings, and nothing on the surface shows the excitement of Sunday and yesterday. By many this is regarded as the calm before the storm and these persons say that tomorrow, on the anniversary of the signing of the Twenty-One Demands, things are sure to happen here.

Chang Is Improving

Your correspondent called at the Tung Jen Yi Yuan, the Japanese hospital in which Chang Chung-hsiang, who was so severely injured in Sunday's invasion of Tsao Ju-lin's house, is now being cared for and ascertained from the physician in charge that Chang passed a good night and is getting on well. No complications have set in thus far, and, provided nothing unexpected happens to alter his conditions for the worse, Chang's life is in no danger.

Tsao Ju-lin and Lu Chung-yu are still at the Japanese Legation, and they are reported as likely to remain there for some time to come. Tsao was not injured in his escape from his house on Sunday, and there is nothing at all the matter with him physically.

Peking, May 7.—The People's Foreign Relations Society will hold its meeting in Central Park this afternoon at two o'clock in spite of yesterday's warning from the police that the gathering must not take place. When the letter from the Chief of Police instructing the society not to meet today was received at headquarters the officers of the society replied, after some deliberation, that, if the police had enough men on hand to prevent the meeting, the demonstration would not be held. Otherwise it would take place at two o'clock as advertised.

Responsible persons connected with the People's Foreign Relations Society stated last evening that the meeting was certain to be held and that 30,000 people were expected to attend it. Their object is solely to arouse popular opinion in behalf of China's rights in Shantung and the release of the 33 imprisoned students. They say that the crowd will be orderly unless interfered with, and they do not think that the police will feel able to interfere.

Chief of Police Wu Ping-hsiang was to have met the heads of the six leading government schools here yesterday for the purpose of discussing the release of the imprisoned thirty-three, but he neither appeared at the meeting nor was he heard from during the day. He has stated, however, that he has no personal objection to the release of the thirty-three on bail, but that pressure from above makes it impossible for him to permit it.

Trouble In Tsinanfu

Last evening a member of Parliament from Shantung received a private telegram stating that the news of the failure of China's case at Paris had reached Shantung on Sunday, and that on Monday afternoon and evening there were popular demonstrations at Tsinanfu and all the larger towns of the province. These demonstrations were largely attended by all classes of the people, but they were orderly, and no rioting took place.

Datailed Story Received Of The Original Outburst

Further details regarding yesterday's students' demonstration, which resulted in the sacking and firing of Tsao Ju-lin's house, are now at hand, the information being that given your correspondent by foreign eye-witnesses and Chinese students who actually entered Tsao's house at the time.

From these reports it appears that the students' procession originally went to Tsao Ju-lin's house to throw their inscribed flags into his courtyard. They mistook the house, however, and so their flags descended in the wrong place. Upon being informed of their mistake they were enraged at have nothing with which to honor Tsao Ju-lin, and so they threw all the available stones and bricks in the street at his house, breaking most of the front windows.

Mob Attacks House

One of the Shantung students then climbed in through a window of Tsao's house and opened the front gate to the mob, which rushed in and broke all the glass and pottery in sight. One of the students saw Chang Chung-hsiang, the late Minister to Japan, who was dressed in foreign clothes and who remonstrated with the invaders. The student called to his comrades, who hunted Chang down and beat him up severely. At this juncture a Japanese friend of Tsao's appeared upon the scene and saved Chang, who was covered with blood from many wounds, from further violence. The same Japanese got Chang out of the house with some difficulty and, assisted by an American, guided him through the crowd outside to a ricksha, which hurried him down to the Japanese Hospital—Tung Jen Yi Yuan—in the San Tiao Hutung, near the new Rockefeller Foundation buildings. Your correspondent inquired at this hospital at noon today and learned from one of the physicians that Chang, although badly bruised and cut up, is not in any danger, and that he was at that time asleep and doing well.

Tsao Ju-lin, hearing of the arrival of the students, made his escape through the back door of his house just as the invaders forced their way through the front gate. He went to a neighbor's house until the fracas was over and then returned quietly to his home to get his family over to the Legation Quarter for safety. Many of the students had seen Tsao's wives and female servants, but no one had molested them and Tsao found them waiting for him, safe and sound.

Borrows Car To Escape

His own motor car, as well as that of Chang Chung-hsiang, having been smashed in the melee, Tsao borrowed a car from Chief of Police Wu and, with all his family aboard and soldiers with fixed bayonets standing on both dashboards, set out for the Legation Quarter at top speed. As his car was traveling along Legation Street in a westerly direction and at a rate of forty miles an hour, Tsao was held up by a foreign motor which adopted the simple expedient of turning head on across the street, thus blocking the passage of Tsao's car. At the instigation of the foreign occupant of the car, Mr. B. Lenox Simpson, Tsao and his entire family were taken to the Legation Quarter Yamen by the police on the charge of speeding and carrying arms within the Quarter. They were soon released, however, and permitted to proceed to the Wagons-Lits, the police merely retaining the license of the car.

Tsao and his family spent the night at the Wagons-Lits, and this morning at four o'clock the entire family, except Tsao himself, left by special train for Tientsin. Tsao and Lu Chung-yu, who is a member of Tsao's clique and consequently in fear of his life, at this time sought refuge in the Japanese Legation, where both men are at present.

Frenchtown Enemy Property Is Sold To Chinese At Auction

Three More Sequestrated Lots To Go Under Hammer This Afternoon

Mr. Fu Siao-en, compradore of the Asia Banking Corporation, was the successful bidder at the public auction held at the office of the former German firm, Melchers and Co., yesterday for the property of Carl Michelau at 443 Avenue Joffre. The property had been sequestrated by the French and Chinese authorities and has an area of 10 mow, 7 fun, 1 li and 8 hao with a modern dwelling house. The price offered by Mr. Fu was Tls. 60,000.

Another lot measuring over 15 mow situated between Route Prosper and Route Pottier was knocked down for Tls. 16,000 to Mr. O. S. Lieu, a Chinese lumber merchant. The property formerly belonged to a German named Widmann. Competition was not very keen although there was a good attendance. Only two bid for the Michelau property while Mr. Lieu was the lone bidder for the Widmann lot.

Messrs. R. Fano, L. Basset and J. Thesmar were the auctioneers, M. Thesmar officiated. Mr. S. K. Chen, secretary to the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, appointed as custodian of enemy property for the French Concession, was present, as official supervisor.

Three more lots will be auctioned off this afternoon at 4 o'clock by the same auctioneers. They consist of one lot in the French Concession measuring over 70 mow and divisible into 16 pieces, another situated on Route Pottier, measuring 7.149 mow and a third on Rou'e Ghisi consisting of 7.353 mow.

CECIL HOLLIDAY AND CO. ARE NAMED DEFENDANTS

Chinese Sues British Firm For Alleged Breach Of Contract

Messrs. Cecil Holliday and Co. were named defendant in a claim for £897 for alleged breach of contract yesterday in the British Supreme Court filed by Dong Sing Kee. The petition alleged that the goods tendered by the defendants to the plaintiffs under a contract signed on January 21, 1919, for 78 tons of old steel wire hawsers were not in accordance with the stipulations.

Pleadings were ordered upon application of Mr. H. L. Ward, counsel for plaintiffs. Mr. M. Reader Harris represented the defendants. Mr. Ward said that the question of custom would rise in the case and he thought that pleadings should be ordered.

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Your inspection invited

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(OPP. ASTOR HOUSE)

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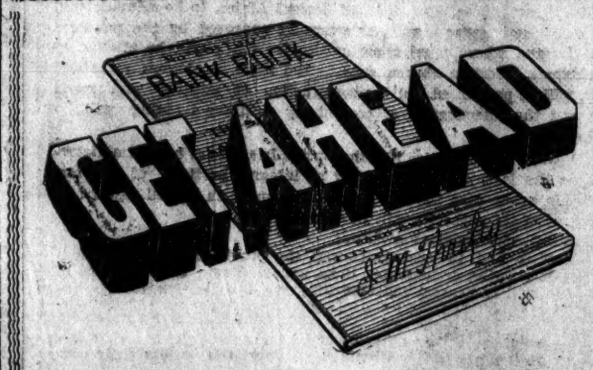

Every person wishes to GET AHEAD, but many are unwilling to pay the price.

Takes money to MAKE money, and it is admitted by all men who have ACHIEVED, in a financial way, that THEIR HARDEST FIGHT was in the SAVING of the FIRST THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Only COURAGE and SELF-CONTROL will enable one to SYSTEMATICALLY lay by some part of one's EARNINGS each week, but after a while it isn't at all hard, in fact, it becomes second nature.

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Open a SAVINGS account! Start putting away something! Our SAVINGS department will pay you 4 per cent from the day you begin, and our Mr. Britton will be glad to greet you. Come in!

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GEE URGES AMATEURS TO TAKE UP BIOLOGY

Soochow University Professor Gives Interesting Address At Museum

To independent investigation and to research by amateur workers Prof. N. Gist Gee of Soochow University looks as a method of starting the great work of building up a biological record for China, and in the course of an address that he delivered yesterday afternoon in the lecture hall of the Royal Asiatic Society he urged his hearers for their own amusement and profit to undertake investigations along biological lines and told them how to proceed. The subject of his lecture was "A Local Biological Survey" and he said that the subjects he dealt with were found in a small area near Soochow University.

Dr. Arthur Stanley, curator of the museum, introduced Professor Gee, remarking that so well known an authority as one of the authors of Moffat and Gee's "Birds of the Lower Yangtsze Valley" probably needed little introduction to the gathering. Referring to the work in biology that is being done by Professor Gee at Soochow University, Doctor Stanley said that the courses now offered there are comparable to those given at American universities.

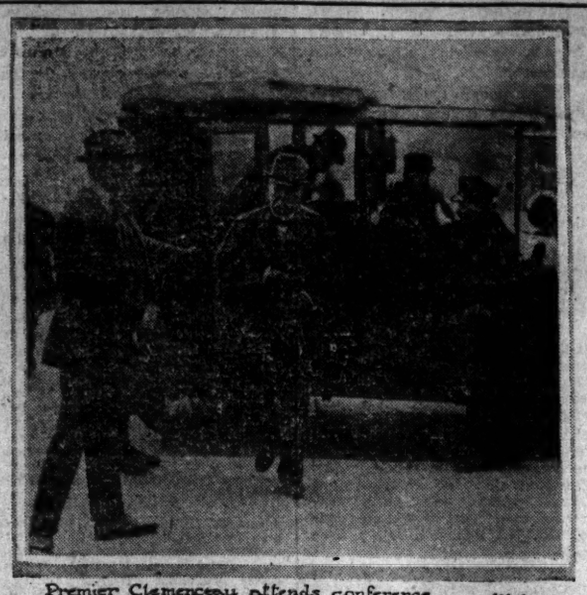
In opening his address Professor Gee dwelt upon the fascination to be found in biological investigation. He said that from the study of heavenly bodies with the use of powerful telescopes in which one dealt with thousands of miles down to the study of minute forms of life with the microscope in which one dealt with thousandths of millemeters lay a range of inquiry with limitless possibilites and he added that no farther away than one's garden were to be found wonders and beauties of life that too often are never seen.

Urging his hearers to take up lines of investigation he said that some of the best work in biology had been done by persons who had regarded their work as a recreation and to illustrate this he referred to Doctor Stanley's work of research with reptiles, saying that Doctor Stanley now is recognised as the authority of all China in his chosen field.

The speaker pointed out that work of the kind could be started with little expense, pointing out that a suitable microscope may be bought for a reasonable sum. He then outlined how the investigator should proceed, advising him to choose one of the groups of invertebrates and saying that as the work proceeded the aid of a specialist could be obtained by sending specimens. In this particular the speaker said he would be glad to co-operate with amateur workers.

In describing work of investigation that has been done at Soochow University he dwelt upon the extremely limited amount of research that has been done in China along many lines and indicated that a great field of endeavor lay open to the independent worker.

First Picture Of French Premier Since Attempt On His Life



Premier Clemenceau attends conference. INTL

A recent picture of the French Premier, Georges Clemenceau, arriving at the Quai d'Orsay to attend a session of the Peace Conference. This is one of the first pictures to reach here of the French Premier which was made since the recent attempt on his life.

Mr. O. Thoresen Sails For Norway On Tenyo

Shipping Agent, Accompanied By Family, Leaving The Far East

Mr. O. Thoresen, the well known shipping agent, and Mrs. Thoresen, accompanied by their daughter, will leave this morning for Norway on the Tenyo Maru to meet their young son, who has been in school there since 1915. Mr. Thoresen is not expected to return to Shanghai to be actively interested in business and will only come back on visits. His firm will continue to do business under the old name.

Mr. Thoresen came to China 24 years ago and has been identified with numerous business enterprises, having acted as director of several local companies. He has had intimate relations with local shipbuilders in connection with the recent big orders from Norway. He is a good sportsman and good shot, an ex-member of the Mi Ho Loong Company of the Fire Brigade and a member of the "A" Company, S.V.C.

Mrs. Thoresen will be remembered for her talent as a singer, having assisted at many charity performances and operas for the benefit of war funds during the war.

New Brevities

Another adjournment was ordered yesterday in the British Supreme Court in the case filed by the Belgian Trading Co. against Messrs. Mackenzie and Co., Ltd. The parties were given until Saturday to consider a judgment delivered by the French Court which materially affects the position of the case pending.

* * *

M. David Rhein, of the French Consulate-General, will leave tomorrow for France on the French mail steamer Paul Lecat. He is expected to return to China early next year. M. Rhein has been in China for eight years. He came to the Far East in 1911 when he joined the diplomatic service at the French Legation in Peking. In the following year he was transferred to the French Cosulate-General in Tientsin, where he held also several professorships in the Tientsin Medical College and the Peiyang Law College. He came to Shanghai in 1915.

* * *

The steamer Tenyo Maru, having encountered dense fog off the Bell Buoy, will be delayed in her arrival at Shanghai. The sailing hour therefore has been postponed from 11 o'clock this morning to 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

* * *

Owing to the success of Gerard's "My Four Years in Germany," the management of the Olympic Theater has decided to continue the run of the film for two more performances. The ten reel history of the American Ambassador's sojourn in Berlin will be shown tonight and tomorrow night.

* * *

Northern papers say that the marriage of the Rev. R. M. Cross and Miss Adele L. Tenney, both of the American Board Mission in Peking, has been set for May 15 at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Tenney, the brother and sister-in-law of the bride.

* * *

News has been received from London that the sum of £100 has been bequeathed by Mr. Joseph Lingford, of Durham, to the China Inland Mission and the sum of $200 has been donated by Sir George Thomas Lambert to the Irish Society for Chinese Missions at Maynooth College.

* * *

Japanese papers announce the sudden and tragic death of Mr. J. Hunter, formerly of the firm of Andrews and George, Yokohama, who was fatally injured by a tram car on May 2. In attempting to avoid the car, the deceased tripped and fell on the track.

* * *

The Empress of Asia is due at Woosung, tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock and will be despatched for Vancouver, B. C., tomorrow evening. The tender Alexandra will leave the Municipal Jetty for Woosung tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

* * *

Bishop Raymond was among the passengers who arrived from Ningpo yesterday.

Sailors' War Orphans' Fund

(Under the auspices of the Navy League and the British and Foreign Sailors' Society).

	Tls.
Received from The China Import and Export Lumber Co.	2,500.00
Previously acknowledged	34,045.31
	36,545.31
Remitted to London	33,843.52
	Tls. 2,701.79
	$
Previously acknowledged	69,688.85
	69,688.85
Remitted to London	69,360.37
	$328.48
	£ s d
Previously acknowledged	14,629.18.0
	14,629.18.0
Remitted to London ...	14,629.18.0

W. M. REEVES,
Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.
Shanghai, May 8, 1919.

Advertisement to the Dealers in Motor Products.

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Hall Motor Lorry—petrol—chain drive—7 tons capacity.
Shelby Motor Lorry—petrol—worm gear—1 and 1½ tons capacity.
Shelby Delivery Car—petrol—internal gear—¼ ton capacity.
Ward Delivery Car—electric—chain drive—½ ton capacity.
Ward Lorry—electric—worm gear—1—2—3½ and 5 tons capacity.
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No matter what your respiratory organs may be suffering from—whether ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, NASAL CATARRH, or ORDINARY COUGH.
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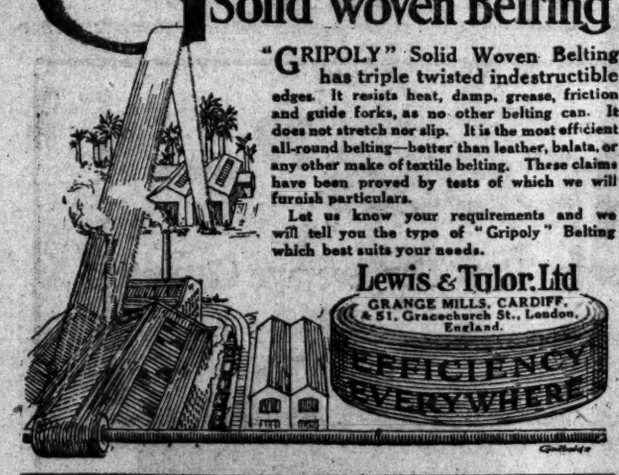

"GRIPOLY" Solid Woven Belting has triple twisted indestructible edges. It resists heat, damp, grease, friction and guide forks, as no other belting can. It does not stretch nor slip. It is the most efficient all-round belting—better than leather, balata, or any other make of textile belting. These claims have been proved by tests of which we will furnish particulars.

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STYLE 578 average figure, low bust, elastic side section price $6.50 pair

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BON TON CORSETS are leaders, and always look the part. Down to the smallest details, top quality is always maintained.

STYLE 871, as illustration, in Pink or White Fancy broche, 3" bust average figure. A beautifully gored model, with the fashionably low, full bust. Will give the wearer particularly stylish lines. Very long skirt, size 19 to 30. $10.50 pair

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Lime Juice Cordial	0.60	„ bot.
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Ice Cream Powder, Lemon, Vanilla, Raspberry and Strawberry	0.20	„ pkt.

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The "Three Castles"
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MAGNUMS
Better because larger.

The tobacco in the Magnums is the same bright Virginia tobacco found in regular Three Castles.

The difference in size makes the Magnums a fuller, richer cigarette while retaining all the mild flavor of the smaller cigarette.

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co., (China) Ltd.

Official Summary Of The Final Treaty Of Peace

(Continued from Page 1)

The German Government is to accord facilities to the Commissions of Inquiry in collecting information in regard to missing prisoners of war and in imposing penalties on German officials who have concealed Allied nationals.

The German Government is to restore all property belonging to Allied prisoners and there is to be reciprocal exchange of information as to dead prisoners and their graves.

GRAVES

The Allied and German Government are to respect and maintain the graves of all soldiers and sailors buried on their territories and recognise and assist any commissions appointed in connection with them, agreeing also to give any practical facilities for removal and reburial.

SECTION 13

The Labor Convention

Under the provisions of the Labor Convention;

1.—An international conference is to be held annually to propose labor reforms for adoption by the states composing the League of Nations.

2.—There is to be a governing body to act as the executive and prepare the agenda for the conference and an International Labor Office for the collection and distribution of information and reports. The head of this office will be responsible to a governing body.

3.—The annual conference will consist of four represenatives from each state; two for the State and one each for employers and employed. Each delegate may vote independently.

The conference will have power to adopt by a two-third majority recommendations or draft conventions on labor matters. Recommendations or draft conventions so adopted must be brought by each State before the authority or authorities within whose competence the matter lies for enactment, for legislation or other action.

If a draft convention receives the approval of the competent authority the State in question is under obligation to ratify it and carry it into effect. Should any State fail to observe the above obligations it will be open to the governing body to appoint a commission of inquiry as a result of whose findings the League of Nations may take economic measures against the offending State.

4.—Special provision is made to prevent any conflict with the Constitution of the United States or other federal states.

5.—To meet the case of countries where climate, imperfect industrial development or other special circumstances render labor conditions substantially different from those obtaining eleswhere, the conference must take that difference into account in framing any convention.

The protocal attached to the Convention provides that the first meeting shall be at Washington in the present year and sets up an international organising committee for that purpose. The protocol also contains the agenda for the first meeting, which includes the principle of an eight-hour day, the question of unemployment and employment of women and children, especially in dangerous trades.

Appended to the section containing the Labor Convention is an affirmation by the High Contracting Parties of methods and principles for regulating labor conditions which all industrial communities should endeavor to apply as far as their special circumstances permit.

Amongst these are that labor should not be regarded merely as a commodity or article of commerce.

The right of association for all lawful purposes, for the employer as well as for the employed.

Payment to the employed of a wage implying a reasonable standard of life as understood in their time and country.

The adoption of an eight-hour day or a forty-eight hour week where it has not already been attained.

The adoption of a weekly rest of at least twenty-four hours, including Sunday, where practicable.

The abolition of child-labor and the limitation of the labor of the young so as to permit continuance of their education and proper physical development.

The principle of equal pay for men and women for equal work.

Any legal standard for conditions of labor is to have regard in each country to the equitable, economic treatment of all workers resident in that country.

Provision by each State of a system of inspection for the protection of the employed, in which women should take part.

(Three sections, about 600 words, have not yet been received).

THE SAAR

In compensation for the destruction of the coal mines in Northern France and as payment on account of reparation, Germany cedes to France full ownership of the coal mines of the Saar Basin, with their subsidiaries, accessories and facilities. Their value will be estimated by the reparation commission and credited against that account.

The French rights will be governed by the German law in force at the armistice, excepting war legislation, France replacing the present owners, whom Germany undertakes to indemnity.

France will continue to furnish the present proportion of coal for local needs and to contribute, in just proportion, to the local taxes.

The Basin extends from the frontier of Lorraine, as re-annexed to France, North as far as St. Wendel, including on the valley of the Saar as far as Saar-Holsbach and, on the East, the town of Homburg.

In order to secure the rights and welfare of the population and to guarantee to France entire freedom in working the mines, the territory will be governed by a Commission appointed by the League of Nation and consisting of five members; one French, one a native inhabitant of the Saar Basin and three representing three different countries other than France and Germany.

The League will appoint a member of the commission as chairman to act as executive of the commission.

The commission will have all the powers of Government formerly belonging to the German Empire, Prussia and Bavaria; will administer the railroads and other public services and have full power to interpret the Treaty clauses. The local courts will continue but subject to the Commission.

The existing German legislation will remain the basis of the law but the Commission may make modifications after consulting a local representative assembly which it will organise.

It will have taxing power but for local purposes only; new taxes must be approved by this assembly.

Labor legislation will consider the wishes of the local labor organisations and the labor program of the League.

French and other labor may be freely utilised, the former being free to belong to the French unions.

There will be no military service but only a local gendarmerie to preserve order.

The people will preserve their local assemblies, religious liberties, schools and language but may vote only for the local assemblies.

They will keep their present nationality except so far as individuals may change it. Those wishing to leave will have every facility with respect to their property.

The territory will form part of the French Customs System, with no export tax on coal and metallurgical products going to Germany nor on German products for the Basin and for five years no import duties on products of the Basin going to Germany or German products coming into the Basin for local consumption.

French money may circulate without restriction.

After fifteen years a plebiscite will be held by the Communes to ascertain the desires of the population as to a continuance of the existing regime under the League of Nations union with France or, union with Germany.

The right to vote will belong to all inhabitants over twenty resident in the Basin at the signature.

On the opinion thus expressed the League will decide the ultimate sovereignty.

In any portion restored to Germany the German Government must buy out the French mines at an appraised valution. If the price is not paid within six months thereafter, this portion passes finally to France. If Germany buys back the mines the League will determine how much of the coal shall go to France.

ALSACE-LORRAINE

After recognition of the moral obligation to repair the wrong done in 1871 by Germany to France and the people of Alsace-Lorraine the territories ceded to Germany by the Treaty of Frankfort are restored to France with their frontiers as before 1871, to date from the signing of the Armistice and to be free of all public debts.

Citizenship is regulated by detailed provisions distinguishing those who are immediately restored to full French citizenship, those who have to make formal application therefor, and those for whom naturalisation is open after three years. The last named class includes German residents in Alsace-Lorraine, as distinguished from those who acquire the position as Alsace-Lorrainers as defined in the Treaty.

All public property and all private property of the German ex-Sovereigns passes to France without payment or credit.

France is substituted for Germany as regards ownership of railroads and the rights over concessions of tramways.

The Rhine bridges pass to France with obligation for their upkeep.

For five years the manufactured products of Alsace-Lorraine will be admitted to Germany free of duty to a total amount not exceeding in any year the average of the three years preceding the war and textile materials may be imported free of duty.

Contracts for electric power from the right bank must be continued for ten years.

For seven years, with possible extension to ten, the ports of Kehl and Strasburg shall be administered as a single unit by a French administrator appointed and supervised by the Central Rhine Commission.

Property rights will be safeguarded in both ports and equality of treatment as respects traffic assured the Nationals, vessels and goods of every country.

Contracts between Alsace-Lorrainers and Germans are maintained, save for France's right to annul on grounds of public interest.

The judgments of the courts hold in certain classes of trades while in others a judicial "consequatur" is first required.

Political condemnations during the war are null and void and the obligation to repay war fines is established as in other parts of the Allied territory.

Various clauses adjust the general provisions of the Treaty to the special conditions of Alsace-Lorraine, certain matters of execution being left to conventions to be made between France and Germany.

GERMAN-AUSTRIA

The entire independence of German-Austria is recognised by Germany.

CZECHO-SLOVAKIA

Germany recognises the entire independence of the Czecho-Slovak State, including the autonomous territory of the Ruthenians south of the Carpathians, and accepts the frontiers of this State as they may be determined, which, in the case of the German frontier, shall follow the old frontier of Bohemia in 1914.

The usual stipulations as to the acquisition and change of nationality follow.

POLAND

Germany cedes to Poland the greater part of Upper Silesia, Posen and the Province of West Prussia on the left bank of the Vistula.

A Field-Boundary Commission of seven, five representing the Allied and Associated Powers and one each representing Poland and Germany, shall be constituted within fifteen days of peace to delimit this boundary.

Such special provisions as are necessary to protect racial or religious minorities shall be laid down in a subsequent treaty between the Allied and Associated Powers and Poland.

EAST PRUSSIA

The southern and eastern frontier of East Prussia, as facing Poland, is to be fixed by plebiscites; the first in the Regency of Allenstin between the southern frontier of East Prussia and the northern frontier of Regierungs-Besirk Allenstin, from where it meets the boundary between East and West Prussia to its junction with the boundary between the circles of Oletsko and Augersburg; thence the northern boundary of Oletsko to its junction with the present frontier. And the second in the area comprising the circles of Stuhm and Rosenburg and the parts of the circles of Marienburg and Marienwerder East of the Vistula.

In each case the German troops and authorities will move out within fifteen days of peace and the territories will be placed under an international Commission of five members appointed by the five Allied and Associated Powers with the particular duty of arranging for a free, fair and secret vote.

The Commission will report the results of the plebiscites to the five Powers with a recommendation for the boundary and will terminate its work as soon as the boundary has been laid down and the new authorities set up.

The five Allied and Associated Powers will draw up regulations assuring East Prussia full and equitable access to and use of the Vistula.

A subsequent convention, of which the terms will be fixed by the five Allied and Associated Powers, will be entered into between Poland, Germany and Danzig to assure suitable railroad communication across the German territory on the right bank of the Vistula between Poland and Danzig while Poland shall grant free passage from East Prussia to Germany. The northeastern corner of East Prussia about Memel is to be ceded by Germany to the Associated Powers, the former agreeing to accept the settlement made especially as regards the nationality of the inhabitants.

DANZIG

Danzig and the district immediately about it is to be constituted into "The Free City of Danzig" under guarantee of the League of Nations.

A High Commissioner appointed by the League and resident at Danzig shall draw up a constitution in agreement with the duly appointed representatives of the city and shall deal in the first instance with all differences arising between the city and Poland.

The actual boundaries of the city shall be delimited by a commission appointed within six months from Peace and to include three representatives chosen by the Allied and Associated Powers and one each by Germany and Poland.

A Convention, the terms of which shall be fixed by the five Allied and Associated Powers, shall be concluded between Poland and Danzig which shall include Danzig within the Polish customs frontiers, though with a free area in the port.

To insure to Poland the use of all the city's waterways, docks and other port facilities, the control and administration of the Vistula and the whole through railway system within the city and postal, telegraphic and telephonic communication between Poland and Danzig; to provide against discrimination against the Poles within the city and to place its foreign relations and diplomatic protection of its citizens abroad in charge of Poland.

DENMARK

The frontier between Germany and Denmark is to be fixed in accordance with the wishes of the population, a vote being taken in Northern Schleswig as a whole and in portions of Central Schleswig by communes.

Ten days from peace the German troops and authorities must evacuate the regions north of a line running from the mouth of the Schlei, south of Aappel Schleswig and Friedrichstadt, along the Eider to the North Sea south of Tonning, and the Workmen's and Soldiers' Councils in the zone must be dissolved.

During the voting the zone will be under charge of an international commission of five members, of whom the Norwegian and Swedish governments will be invited to choose two.

The commission will temporarily have general powers of administration.

After the result of the voting has been declared, the Danish Government may occupy those territories which have voted for Denmark and Germany shall renounce sovereign rights in these territories. All the inhabitants will then acquire Danish Nationality with certain exceptions.

Provisions are made for individual change of nationality under certain conditions.

HELIGOLAND

The fotifications, military establishments and harbors of the Islands of Heligoland and Dune are to be destroyed, under the supervision of the Allies, by German labor and at Germany's expense. They are not to be reconstructed nor are any similar works to be constructed in future.

RUSSIA

Germany is to recognise and respect the full independence of all the territories which formed part of the former Russian Empire.

Germany is to accept definitely the annulment of the Brest-Litovsk Treaty and of all treaties or agreements of all kinds concluded by Germany since the Revolution of November, 1917, with all governments or political groups on territory of the former Russian Empire.

The Allies reserve all rights on the part of Russia for restitution and satisfaction to be obtained from Germany on the principles of the present treaty.

SECTION IV.

Political Clauses Outside Europe.

GERMAN RIGHTS OUTSIDE EUROPE

Outside Europe Germany renounces all rights, titles and privileges as to her own or her Allies' territories to all the Allied and Associated Powers and undertakes to accept whatever measures are taken by the five Allied Powers in relation to them.

COLONIES AND OVERSEAS POSSESSIONS

Germany renounces in favor of the Allied and Associated Powers her Overseas possessions, with all rights and titles therein.

All movable and immovable property belonging to the German Empire or to any German State shall pass to the Government exercising authority thereat.

These governments shall make whatever provisions seem suitable for the repatriation of German nationals and as to the conditions on which German subjects of European origin shall reside, hold property or carry on business.

Germany undertakes to pay reparation for the damage suffered by French nationals in the Cameroons or its frontier zone through the acts of the German civil and military authorities and of individual Germans from January 1, 1900, to January 1, 1914.

Germany renounces all rights under the Convention of November 4, 1911, and September 28, 1912, and undertakes to pay to France, in accordance with the estimate presented and approved by the Reparation Commission, all deposits, credits, and advances, etcetera, thereby secured.

Germany undertakes to accept and observe any provisions by the Allied and Associated Powers as to the trade in arms and spirits in Africa, as well as to the General Act of Berlin, 1885, and the General Act of Brussels of 1890.

Diplomatic protection of the inhabitants of the former German colonies is to be given by the Governments exercising authority.

CHINA

Germany renounces in favor of China all privileges and indemnities resulting from the Boxer Protocol of 1901 and all buildings, wharves, barracks, forts, munitions of war, ships, wireless plants and other public property, except the diplomatic or consular establishments in the German concessions of Tientsin and Hankow and in other Chinese territory, except Kiaochow, and agrees to return to China at her own expense all the astronomical instruments seized in 1900 and 1901.

China will however take no measures for the disposal of the German property in the Legation quarter at Peking without the consent of the Powers signatory to the Boxer Protocol.

Germany accepts the abrogation of the concessions at Hankow and Tientsin, China agreeing to open them to international use.

Germany renounces all claims against China or any Allied and Associated Government for the internment or repatriation of her citizens in China and for the seizure or liquidation of the German interests there since August 14, 1917.

She renounces in favor of Great Britain her State property in the British Concession at Canton and of France and China, jointly, of the property of the German School in the French Concession at Shanghai.

SIAM

Germany recognises that all agreements between herself and Siam, including the right of extra-territoriality, ceased on July 22, 1917.

All German public property, except consular and diplomatic premises, passes without compensation to Siam.

German private property is to be dealt with in accordance with the economic clauses.

Germany waives all claims against Siam for the seizure and condemnation of her ships, the liquidation of her property or the internment of her nationals.

LIBERIA

Germany renounces all right under the international arrangements of 1912-1912 (?) regarding Liberia, more particularly the right to nominate the receiver of Customs and disinterests herself in any further negotiations for the rehabilitation of Liberia.

She regards as abrogated all commercial treaties and agreements between herself and Liberia and recognises Liberia's right to determine the status and condition of the re-establishment of Germans in Liberia.

MOROCCO

Germany renounces all her rights, titles and privileges under the Act of Algeciras and the Franco-German agreements of 1909 and 1911 and under all treaties and arrangements with the Sherifian Empire.

She undertakes not to intervene in any negotiations as to Morocco between France and other Powers, accepts all the consequences of the French protectorate there and renounces the Capitulations.

The Sherifian Government shall have complete liberty of action in regard to German nationals and all German-protected persons shall be subject to common law.

All movable and immovable German property including mining rights may be (——) government and deducted from the reparation account.

Germany is also required to relinguish her interests in the State Bank of Morocco.

All Moroccan goods entering Germany shall have the same privileges as French goods.

EGYPT

Germany recognises the British Protectorate over Egypt declared on December 18, 1914, and renounces as from August 4, 1914, the Capitulations and all the treaties, agreements, etc., concluded by her with Egypt.

She undertakes not to intervene in any negotiations about Egypt between Great Britain and other Powers.

There are provisions for jurisdiction over German nationals and property and for German consent to any changes which may be made in relation to the Commission of Public Debt.

Germany consents to the transfer to Great Britain of the powers given to the late Sultan of Turkey for securing free navigation of the Suez Canal.

Arrangements for property belonging to German nationals in Egypt are made similar to those in the case of Morocco and other countries.

Anglo-Egyptian goods entering Germany shall enjoy the same treatment as British goods.

TURKEY AND BULGARIA

Germany accepts all arrangement which the Allied and Associated Powers make with Turkey and Bulgaria with reference to any rights, privileges or interests claimed in those countries by Germany or her nationals and not dealt with elsewhere.

SHANTUNG

Germany cedes to Japan all rights, titles and privileges, notably as to Kiaochow, and the railroads, mines and cables acquired by her treaty with China of March 6, 1898, and by other agreements as to Shantung.

All German rights to the railroad from Tsingtau to Tsinanfu, including all facilities and mining rights and rights of exploitation, pass equally to Japan and the cables from Tsingtau to Shanghai and Chefoo, the cables free of all charges, all German State property, movable and immovable, in Kiaochow is acquired by Japan free of all charges.

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Rifle Association

The squadding list for the annual rifle meeting of the Shanghai Rifle Association follows:

FIRST SQUAD.

1 Adamson, A. Q	11 Iijima, M.	20 Macbeth, J.	30 Sauer, W. E.
2 Bone, H.	12 Kajiwara, D.	21 Markham, P.	31 Snow, G. H. A.
3 Bradley, H.	13 Kay, H. F.	22 Matsuno, C.	32 Sasada, R.
4 Fukuchi, Z.	14 Kodaira, H.	23 Mitchell, T.	33 Sullivan, P. D.
5 Forshaw, G.	15 Lambert, H. W	24 Nomura, K.	34 Tamura, Y.
6 Godby, A. C.	16 Lancaster, W.	25 Noiashiki, H.	35 Tate, P. G.
7 Hodges, F. E.	17 Leslie, W. H.	26 Nagaiko, T.	36 Tsunoda, K.
8 Howe, E. K.	18 Larsen, C.	27 Okada, S.	37 Watanabe, T.
9 Hori, Y.	19 Melville, F. J.	28 Ohshima, T.	38 Wilner, R. F.
10 Hykes, R. K.		29 Prince, E.	

SECOND SQUAD.

39 Ashley, G. F.	49 Fasting, E.	58 Jensen, G. V.	68 Ransom, S. A.
40 Benner, H. S.	50 Fung, Y. S.	59 Lane, H.	69 Reeves, C.
41 Bartolini, J.	51 Goldsmith, A.	60 Monk, W. J.	70 Snape, F. W.
42 Britton, T. C.	52 Godfrey, E.	61 Matthews, C.	71 Stafford, R.
43 Canda, L. G.	53 Grant, C. P.	62 McAllister, D.	72 Stevenson, R.
44 Chen, K. D.	54 Heen, E.	63 McKelvie, K.	73 Thomson, N.
45 Cole, R. G. H.	55 Hinton, F. J.	64 Mottu, A. L.	74 Thomson, C. E. M.
46 Clifford, W.	56 Ilbert, O.	65 Pereira, J.	75 Tobias, H.
47 Dawson, B.	57 Johansson, J.	66 Peek, E. H.	76 Willder, H. H.
48 Forsyth, W.		67 Rose, W. T.	

THIRD SQUAD.

77 Barnes, H. F.	84 Diniz, J. M.	91 Kline, C. E.	99 Reid, E. M.
78 Bonichi, F.	85 Evans, J.	92 Munns, H. F.	100 Ryde, C. H.
79 Boynton, C. L.	86 Fitch, G.	93 May, E. A. G.	101 Simon, J. J.
80 Collaco, A. M.	87 Gomes, A.	94 Muller, E. J.	102 Smith, F. J.
81 Cranfield, H.	88 Gutierrez, F.	95 Marshall, C.	103 Smith, W. G.
82 Dahl, A.	89 Hu, William	96 McBain, C.	104 Spring, T.
83 Diniz, A. F.	90 Ito, R. I.	97 Priestley, H.	105 Terrill, W. J.
		98 Patrick, H.	

SUNDAY OBJECTORS.

A. Q. Adamson, C. L. Boynton, G. A. Fitch, G. Forshaw, R. Stafford, R. F. Wilner.

FIRST BASEBALL PRACTICE CALLS OUT MANY PLAYERS

Number Of Veterans And Good Showing Of Newcomers Cavort On Race Course Diamond

"Attaboy!"

The curtain rang up for the first official practice of the Shanghai Amateur Baseball Club yesterday afternoon and when Prompter Bradley sounded the call a large and active cast trotted out for rehearsal on the Race Course diamond. There were enough aspirants out shortly after five o'clock to make a couple of teams—numerically speaking—with a good proportion of new and untried talent figuring. Some of the newcomers shaped up well at first glance and with the veterans who remain the Club should be able to put at least one smooth working team in the field.

Among the familiar figures of former seasons who were out to limber up were Holliday—who leaves before the summer schedule goes into effect, however,—Bristow, Bradley, Crow, Pomeroy, Porterfield, Hening, Kay, Judge Hadley, Giauque, Hykes and Wilkins. Sockall, who cavorted about the local diamond two seasons back but was away last summer, was also on deck and will be here to indulge in the pastime this year.

Among the new talent to show well in the initial exercises were Gill, a southpaw, who pitches but also handled himself well at short and in the field, Smith, who worked out at first and displayed throwing ability, and Hoffman, whose preliminary activities in both in- and outfields were promising.

Others of the stranger galaxy regarding whose ability the shortness of the time precluded opinion included Gross, Alexander, Baldini and several others whose names have slipped memory. Cy Wilhoit and Harry Ollerdessen, figures of yesteryear, were not out yesterday.

Practice will be held again today, at 5 p.m., and all are uged to turn out.

STUDENTS AT ST. JOHN'S GO ON PROTEST STRIKE

Middle School And College Boys Angered By Punishment For Lack Of Discipline

Serious trouble with the students has broken out at St. John's University. Permission was given both to the students of the University and of the Middle School to attend the mass meeting at the West Gate on Wednesday afternoon. In the evening the University Christian Association had arranged for a concert. The Middle School students seemed to have made an agreement that none of them would attend as they thought that it was not fitting that they should attend an entertainment on the day connected with their country's humiliation. It so happened that some of the students did attend and the others were consequently much incensed.

At the close of the concert an attempt was made to show this displeasure. When Mr. J. R. Norton, the Headmaster of the Middle School, ordered the trouble makers to go to their rooms some of the students acted in an insubordinate manner and refused to obey.

On Thursday morning one student was expelled and another suspended. The Middle School students then marched to the Administration Office and demanded that this decision should be reversed. They were told that the Faculty was about to meet and that the whole matter would be discussed at that time.

Unwilling to await the investigation of the Faculty some of the students called out, "Go," "Go," and 225 students of the Middle School marched out in a body.

The Middle School Faculty at its meeting decided that they would make allowance for the excitable state in which the students were and would allow those who had left to return if they would make a suitable apology. The students desirous of returning must be back before Tuesday evening.

The trouble, however, did not end there. Many of the College students sympathised with the Middle School students and were not satisfied with the action the Faculty had taken. They took the ground that the expelled student should be taken back. In order that they might have time for reflection the President declared a three days' holiday, and the work of the College is suspended until Sunday evening. Those students who are willing to submit to the discipline of the institution are expected to return at that time.

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Portuguese Minister Homebound On Leave

Mr. J. Batalha De Freitas In City And Plans To Sail For France Saturday

Mr. J. Batalha De Freitas, Portuguese Minister to China who is on his way home on a furlough of six months, is in Shanghai, the guest of Mr. A. G. Stephen, manager of the Hongkong and Shanghai bank. Mr. De Freitas, who is accompanied by Mme. De Freitas, will sail for France Saturday by the s.s. Paul Lecat and will go thence to Lisbon. This will be the minister's first trip out of China since he assumed his post at Peking in 1913.

Mr. De Freitas said yesterday that no official significance attached to his visit home and that no matters of public interest were to be presented by him to his government. His visit, he said, was merely a break in the six-year period of his work in China. The Minister will be entertained today at tiffin by Mr. Yang Tcheng, Commissioner for Foreign Affairs in Shanghai.

Mr. M. de Nascimento, secretary of the Portuguese legation, is acting as Chargé d'Affaires during the absence of the Minister.

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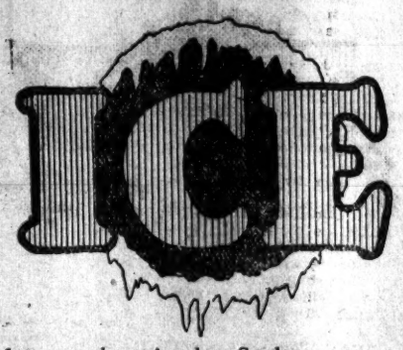

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CHINESE CUSTOMS TODAY HAVE MODERN TOUCHES

Ancient Burial Ceremonies Include Up To Date Features, Woman's Club Members Hear

How China's ancient funeral ceremonies have been touched by modern influences and Western ideas was told yesterday at the meeting of the American Woman's Club Literary Department by Mrs. Vanderbeek of Nanyang College in the course of a very interesting talk on "Chinese Burial Customs." The address and four papers on the subject of Chinese festivals were heard by a much larger attendance of members than usual, all of whom expressed great delight in the program.

The age old practice of burning silvered paper imitations of sycee for the financial benefit of the departed is today varied, Mrs. Vanderbeek said, by the utilisation of imitation coinage of the modern type, while among the paper replicas of the various conveniences fancied necessary to burn for the spirit's happiness and comfort are motor cars, yachts and houses furnished with such up to date fittings as telephones and the like.

In giving her talk Mrs. Vanderbeek took as an instance a Chinese family of the well to do class and followed her subject in entertaining detail from the time of the fatal illness, of the head of the household, with its accompanying efforts of the sons to call the wandering spirit back, on through the preparations for death, the ceremonies immediately following and then during the mourning period, up to the time of the burial,—on the date decreed by the priests and geomancers who select the auspicious day—and thereafter on the various dates and occasions which custom has defined.

Mrs. Vanderbeek's talk was preceded by four interesting papers on the chief feast days of the Chinese year. "The China New Year Festival" was described in a paper by Mrs. Landis and "The Dragon Boat Festival" by Mrs. Lathrop, while Miss Bailey told of the "Moon Festival" and Mrs. Lacy of the "Winter Solstice Festival" with its former royal and official ceremonies.

The program yesterday was a continuation of the Department's course of study on China and followed on the address given before the regular meeting of the Club last Tuesday by Mrs. T. C. Chu, the first Chinese lady to speak before the organisation. Mrs. Chu, who is a Wellesley graduate and one of the most progressive Chinese ladies of Shanghai, being active in all modern activities in the Chinese community, gave one of the most interesting addresses of the Club year, on the subject of "Chinese Wedding Customs." Her talk was featured by the exhibition of a Chinese bride's complete trousseau and wedding outfit.

The last meeting to deal with the subject now being studied will be held next Thursday at the Carlton when the Rev. J. W. Crofoot will speak on "The Significence of Chinese Religious and Civil Parades."

Dublin Sinn Feiners Welcome Woman Leaerd

Countess Markievicz.

Countess Markievicz, noted Sinn Fein leader, photographed upon her return to Dublin after she had been released from prison where she has been held with many other leaders of the Sinn Fein movement. The Countess was given a tremendously enthusiastic welcome by the Sinn Feiners. She is shown holding a bouquet tied with the Sinn Fein colors which was presented to her on her arrival in Dublin.

UNIVERSITY CLUB GIVES ENTERTAINMENT TONIGHT

Novel Dinner And Program To Be Given At College Men's Annual Function

Tonight at the Oriental Hotel the American University Club gives its dinner, dance and annual entertainment carnival, which this year promises to eclipse anything attempted in the past.

The dinner will embody a number of favorite Chinese dishes, to be served in strictly modern style, and both chop sticks and knives and forks will be provided. Following the dinner there will be dancing and orchestral numbers and also motion pictures of the last Yale-Princeton football game, Chinese musical numbers and a program of Chinese juggling and sleight of hand.

The entire top floor of the hotel will be given over for the entertainment and will be decorated in Oriental style for the occasion. Lady guests may be invited and a number of prominent officials are expected to be present. The dinner begins at 8 o'clock.

RESUME KIANGKWAN CASE FOR DEFENSE TO CLOSE

Hupeh Government's Counsel Presents Argument, Following Other Side's Withdrawal

Argument in defense of the conduct of the gunboat Chutsai, alleged to have rammed the China Merchants' steamer Kiangkwan before it sunk near Hankow last April, was presented by Mr. G. D .Musso, counsel for the Hupeh Government, yesterday when the hearing of the naval inquiry was resumed at the Admiralty Court.

No representatives were present on behalf of the China Merchats' Steam Navigation Company, which withdrew from the case last Tuesday. Others present at the inquiry were Mr. J. C. Priestwood, counsel for the commander of the gunboat, representatives of the Hupeh Provincial Government and a representative from the British Consulate-General.

The case was adjourned till this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock when Mr. Musso will continue his argument.

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In response to popular demand it has been decided to give three further exhibitions of the Gerard film, "My Four Years In Germany," at the Olympic Theater. The picture will be shown again tonight and tomorrow night, with a special matinee for children tomorrow afternoon.

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(*Reuter's Agency War Service*)

London, May 8—The police have discovered in Cork premises containing over 200 bombs. It is believed to be a Sinn Fein depot.

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(Second Section)

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S. S. "TENYO MARU"

S.S. "Tenyo Maru" having encountered a dense fog off the Bell Buoy, the steamer's arrival at Shanghai will be delayed and the sailing hour, therefore, postponed from 11 a.m. until 1 p.m. TODAY.

23477

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A Check of Messrs. Chang Yu (長裕), on the Yuen Shen Bank (源昇莊), No. 48, for Taels 125.08, and a Bank Order issued by Messrs. Jen Cheong (勤昌), No. 1891, for Taels 43.76; both due on 16th day of 4th moon.

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23475

Ziangbe Rubber Co., Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ninth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held TODAY, the 9th day of May, 1919, at 4 p.m. at No. 10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 5th to the 9th May, 1919, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries & General Managers.

22308

Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to
73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

T. Ichiki & Co.

Phone North 2631.
Dealer in
Musical Instruments and Music
Y. 36. North Szechuen Road.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Since our incorporation in New York State, 1915, we have done considerable business with the principal ports and cities of England, Continental Europe, Australia, New Zealand, South America, Canada and China. In the last-named place we are specially interested. As the European War is now definitely over, the growth of Chinese imports and exports will be such that it requires us to have a branch house in Shanghai instead of an agency as we had before, in order to properly handle the ever-growing importing and exporting business in China.

We have now located our branch office in 9 Ningpo Road, Shanghai. Mr. T. L. Li, formerly Manager of The Chung Hua Trading Co., Ltd., is to take the management and Mr. Thos. A. Burns, an experienced American Engineer, will take charge of the Engineering Department. We respectfully solicit your patronage and welcome you to our office whenever our service is needed.

Wah Chang Trading Corporation,
NEW YORK CITY, U.S.A.

23459

Dr. med. F. T. Kiang

Physician and Surgeon

(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical University Clinic of Berlin)

Specialist in veneral diseases.
Office: 85 Szechuen Road.
Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m
Telephone: No. C. 3844.

Consolidated Rubber Estates (1914), Limited

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Notice is hereby given that the fifth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at No. 27 Nanking Road, Shanghai, on Wednesday, the 14th day of May, 1919, at 4.30 p.m. for presentation of the Report of the Directors, and Accounts to the 31st December, 1918.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Monday, the 12th to Wednesday, the 14th May, 1919, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
CHINA REALTY CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

22359

HIRANO WATER

Reynell's

AT ALL HOTELS
AT ALL CLUBS

PURITY GUARANTEED

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

A Good Lunch

nicely and quickly served at
SULLIVANS CANDY STORE
11.30 until 2 p.m.
(excepting Sunday)

Municipal Notification

No. 2602.

7% LOAN 1919

Price of Issue until further notice 95 per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 12, 1919.

22364

CHEAP SALE

40% DISCOUNT
OFF ALL GOODS
For Four Weeks Only

GOLD, SILVERWARE, JADES

Gems and other precious Stones

SING FAT & CO.
43A Kiangse Road

22235

AMERICAN ARMY OFFICER

leaving the service soon, desires position in China. Has experience in office work and a good knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply to Box 481, THE CHINA PRESS.

22024

CARPETS

Come and see us before buying elsewhere. Our prices are the lowest: our goods are the best.

TIENTSIN CARPETS AND RUGS
Sheep or Camel Hair
Made to order from customers' designs.

HWA YENG FACTORY
127 Peking Road

HONMA HOSPITAL

No. 8A Miller Road. Tel. N. 2961

DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and Diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

We Specialize In

FILING CABINETS

(Steel and Oak)

FILING SYSTEMS AND SUPPLIES

Before buying elsewhere, phone us or call at our show-room.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai — Cable Add.: Mackbauck

Manager Wanted

Large international export and import house has good position available for experienced American Manager of branch office at one of the principal ports. Thorough knowledge of Chinese produce essential. With application please send full reference and statement of past experience. Apply to Box 113, THE CHINA PRESS.

23442

FOR SALE

A number of very fast and medium-speed Motor-boats, also a motor tow-boat.
For particulars apply:
WRIGHT & BELYEA,
8 North Honan Road.

22240

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

General Hardware Merchants, Wholesale and Retail, (Established 1881).

A. 1284 Broadway, Shanghai

Lubricators and Lubricants, Paints, Oils and Greases, etc., etc.

SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION

FOR CARGO, PARCELS AND SMALL CONSIGNMENTS
via
Shanghai-Nanking and Tientsin-Pukow Railways. Immediately Dispatched at lowest rates, suitable to all parties

Rates forwarded on application, or representative will call.

APPLY: The National Transport Co.,
203/205 Boundary Road, Shanghai. Tel. North 338
or at Town Office: 11A Nanking Road, c/o Harvey's Advertising Agency.
Telephone, Central 4208

22173

Radio Station open to traffic

NOTICE is hereby given to the public that the Undersigned has totally restored its transmitting power from the damage by Typhoon and already resumed its service as usual since May 6th, 1919. Messages for ships will be forwarded to Woosung through The Chinese Telegraph Administration, the Bund, Shanghai, without any additional cost to the sender.

Call Signal	XSG
Radius of sending ...	750 Miles (Day) 1300 „ (Night)
Wave Length	600 M for Ships 1600 M „ all Land Stations in China
Duties on Watch ...	24 Hours day and night
Rate	50 centimes per word no minimum charge.

For further particulars and information please address to our office at Woosung.

WOOSUNG WIRELESS STATION,
BOARD OF COMMUNICATIONS.

23468

APARTMENTS

14-15 Quinsan Gardens
One large front room to let, with full board, to couple or to bachelor. Telephone North 482.

Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens
Board-Residence
Terms moderate.
Apply MRS. POLLOCK.

TO LET,

Well-furnished rooms, bathrooms and verandahs attached, hot and cold water. Kitchen under personal supervision.
70 and 72 Bubbling Well Road.

22207

TO LET

NOW
ONE FURNISHED
and
ONE UNFURNISHED ROOM.
One two room and one three room flats available from June 1st. Apply BEN. BUILDING.

23466

TO LET, cool, attractively furnished apartment, entire first floor, three rooms and bath. Separate kitchens and servants' quarters. Garden, tennis, Western district, near trams. From June 1st. Taxes and water included. Apply to Box 117, THE CHINA PRESS.

23460 M.9.

TO LET, room and board, 6 Wayside Road. Madame Autoinette.

23456 M.20.

TO LET, four or five rooms, a bathroom, a kitchen, and wide verandahs. Apply to 41 Range Road.

22370

TO LET with board, large newly furnished flats, and single rooms with private bathrooms attached. All modern conveniences, tennis court, garage, stabling and telephone. Apply to Box 32, THE CHINA PRESS.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, No. 34 Rue Massenet: six-roomed modern house with large garden. Apply to Box 122, THE CHINA PRESS.

23476

KULING HOUSE for rent, well-furnished, superb location, four bedrooms, etc. Reply to Box 118, THE CHINA PRESS.

23462 M.11.

TO LET, 20 Yates Road, detached eight-roomed residence, tennis, garage, stabling. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

22386

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road, excellent residence of four large and three small rooms. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

22387

TO LET, 450-E Avenue Joffre, residence of six rooms. Modern improvements. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

22388

TURKISH BATH and MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENT

Swedish and Japanese Treatment. Prof. I. K. SETO, proprietor, 15 years' experience in U.S.A. Patients treated at their residence by special arrangement. Telephone N. 2768. 25 North Szechuen Road. Open 12 noon to 12 p.m.

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, a compradore for export/import firm. Good securities and qualifications required. Apply to Box 121, THE CHINA PRESS.

23473 M.15.

WANTED, someone to handle business correspondence. Three or four hours per day. State terms to Box 119, THE CHINA PRESS.

23464 M.10.

RELIABLE Japanese amah wanted by lady in Chefoo to look after two children, three and five years old. Must be well recommended. Apply to Box 107, THE CHINA PRESS.

23430 M.10.

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED young lady steno-typist desires a half-day position. Apply to Box 111, THE CHINA PRESS.

23438

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let, new buildings 14 and 16 Canton Road; entire ground-floor and all second-floor, No. 16; one half ground-floor and all second-floor, No. 14. Will divide to suit tenants' requirements. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

22356

LARGE, bright godown, second floor, Central district. Immediate occupation. Apply to Box 246, THE CHINA PRESS.

22354

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, married couple wishes to rent a furnished house or flat, former preferable. State terms. Apply to Box 116, THE CHINA PRESS.

23455 M.9.

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, upright grand piano by Broadwood and Sons, indistinguishable from new. Beautiful action and tone, cost $800, will accept reasonable offer. Reply to Box 120, THE CHINA PRESS.

23472 M.11.

FOR SALE, one 6-cylinder "Buick" Roadster, in thoroughly good condition, less than 12 months old. Owner leaving Shanghai. Apply Arnhold Bros. and Co., Ltd., Engineering Department, 4 The Bund.

23479

RARE opportunity for collectors and others. Complete set Japanese colour prints; 53 views of Tokkaido by Hiroshige, in beautiful condition, also a few other prints, all genuine. Inspection can be arranged. Will sell cheap. Apply to Box 123, THE CHINA PRESS

23480 M.11.

MOTOR CAR FOR SALE: Studebaker seven-seater touring car, electric light, self-starter, four-cylinder forty horse-power engine, in perfect running order, complete with all tools, two new tyres fitted on rear wheels, price taels 1,250.00. Can be seen by arrangement, Owner leaving Shanghai. Apply to Box 106, THE CHINA PRESS.

23424 M.17.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminister and Parrs Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Iloilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy (Lower
Hankow	Peking	Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin
	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve ..... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bank..k	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Klukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver $1,000,000
$16,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer Esq. Chairman,
E. V. D. Parr Esq., Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
G. T. M. Edkins Esq.
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
W. L. Pattenden Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STARR.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminister and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kug. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZLERSKI,
G. CARRERE.
Managers for Asia.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Central 2650
General Office: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Y according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit grant on approved securities.

Savings Accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIN, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .. $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund $1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,933.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

行 業 華 中 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Offices: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital $4,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Changchun	Changteh
Antung	Chengchow
Kiukiang	
Twinkiangpu	

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London: International Banking Corporation.
New York: International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco: International Banking Corporation.
Boston: American Express Company.
Tokio: Bank of Chosen.
Kobe: Bank of Chosen.
Osaka: Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama: Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
S.441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1922 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2613 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
W. D. ZAH, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus ...U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits ..U.S. $2,563,000.00

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.
London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.
San Francisco Office:
333 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.
West Indies and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio, de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso, Vladivostock.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a, Klukiang Road.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid) H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ..... H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	San Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 25,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	London	Shanghai
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tokio
Hongkong	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtau
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Valdivostock
Kobe	S. Francisco	

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... France 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotta.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunnanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.
EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and an Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, NINGPO ROAD.

Capital (Paid-up)..... $600,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... $ 15,000.00
Deposits (Dec., 1918).. $3,400,000.00

Accounts carried in dollars, taels or foreign currencies.

Banking by Mail.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Drafts, both domestic and foreign, purchased or sold.

Exchange of dollars, taels and foreign currencies.

Pocket Savings Bank for saving small coins.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES for rent.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital .. Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 3 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 12,760,286 (about £1,063,357)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Medan	Singapore
Bandoeng	Padang	Soerabaya
Cheribon	Palembang	Soerakarta
Djember	Pekalongan	Tebing-Tinggi
Djokjakarta	Penang	Tegal
Hongkong	Pontianak	Telok-Betoe
Kota-Radja	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Langsa	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG,

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

An American Bank

Head Office—New York City
Head Office for Far East—Shanghai

OTHER BRANCH OFFICES
Peking-Tientsin-Hankow

The Asia Banking Corporation offers an American Banking Service and respectfully solicits your patronage. It is organised especially for the purpose of fostering and developing trade between the Orient and the United States. The entire service, information and TIME of our bank, its staff and correspondents are at the disposal of our clients and their friends.

Interest allowed on current, fixed and saving accounts carried in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U.S. Gold, Sterling and Francs.

Foreign or local drafts purchased at best rates, or entered for collection.

Imports and exports financed.

Commercial credits established.

Drafts sold on, and telegraphic payments effected in, any part of the World.

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market as compiled on May 6, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	18-30
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	14-16
Cod	,,	14-18
Mandarin	,,	20-30
Mackerel	,,	16-20
Pomfret	,,	14-16
Salmon	,,	none
Samli	,,	40-50
Soles	,,	16-20
Whitebait	,,	18-20
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	,,	60-1.00
Eggs	per doz.	15-18
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	$0.80-$1.20
Hare	,,	none
Partridge	,,	none
Pheasant	,,	none
Pigeons	,,	18-20
Plover	,,	6-10
Quail	,,	20-22
Snipe	,,	14-16
Teal	,,	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	50-55
Wild Duck	each	none
Wild Geese	,,	none
Wild Pigeons	,,	none
Woodcock	,,	40-45
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	16-20
Bananas	,,	12-14
Cherries	,,	10-12
Chestnuts	,,	none
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	6-7
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	10-20
Mongosteens	per doz.	none
Melons	each	none
Oranges	per lb.	15-25
Peaches	,,	none
Pears	,,	10-12
Persimmons	,,	none
Peeboes	,,	10
Plums	,,	8-10
Pumeloes	each	20-30
Pineapples	,,	none
Strawberries	per lb.	40-60
Walnuts	,,	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Broad Beans	per lb.	3-4
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	10-12
Cabbage	each	3-10
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	10-15
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	6-8
French Beans	,,	10-15
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	1.00
Onions	per bunch	8-10
Parsnips	,,	3-4
Peas	per lb.	5-6
Potatoes	per picul	$1.60-$2.00
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	2-3
Tomatoes	,,	8-10
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	
Flour Australian	,,	$4.25
Flour Shanghai	,,	$2.10
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$6.40
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.60
Bran	,,	$2.25
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal	per ton	Tls. 23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Resources: Pesos 248,000,000

Philippine National Bank

No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephone: Central 2741

Head Office: MANILA

BRANCHES:
37 Broadway, New York, and throughout the Philippines.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

CHECKING AND SAVING ACCOUNTS: FIXED DEPOSIT
Exchange Bought and Sold
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit
Travellers' Checks

Siccawei Weather Report

Thursday, May 8, 1919.

WEATHER	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at 23° F. inches	29.75	29.77
Variation for 24 hrs.	-0.08	-0.10
Variation for 12 hrs.	+0.03	-0.04
Wind—Direction	SSE	SSW
Wind—Miles per hour	3.7	10.6
Temperature (Fahr.)	65°3	81°2
Humidity	92	62
Nebulosity (0-10)	9	6
Rainfall, inches	—	—

7.—Weather exceptionally dry and hot for the season; the reading of 94°.5 F was, as far as we know, never reached here before the 28th and 29th of May, when in 1876 and in 1915, the reading was 96°,3 F. Since the 1st of April the total amount of rainfall is only of 2,33 inch against an average of 4,51 for the same period.

8.—Fine hot weather. Barometer reading 0.13 inch, below the average.

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, May 8, 1919.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate
@ 5/1=Tls. 39.34
@ exch. 74=Mex. $5.32
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate
@ 119=Tls. 84.03
@ 74=Mex. $113.56
Mex. Dollars Market Rate 73.7625
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls.
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1830
Native Interest ..... Tls. .04

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 48⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex., Paris on London .... Fr. 28.40
Ex., N. Y. on London T.T. G.$4.67½

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 5/0
London ..... Demand 5/0⅛
India ..... Nom. T.T. 322½
Paris ..... T.T. 700
Paris ..... Demand 703
New York ..... T.T. 116⅛
New York ..... Demand 116⅛
Hongkong ..... T.T. 68½
Japan ..... T.T. 43⅛
Batavia ..... T.T. 288
Singapore ..... T.T. 47

Banks Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 5/1
London ..... 4 m/s. Cdts. 5/2
London ..... 4 m/s. Docy. 5/2⅛
London ..... 6 m/s. Cdts. 5/2⅛
London ..... 6 m/s. Docy. 5/2⅝
Paris ..... Nom. 4 m/s. 733
New York .... o/d. Docy. 118½
New York ... 4 m/s. Docy. 122½

Roubles Exchange

Today's Bank Buying Rate
For Roubles
Roubles 4,100 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $3.25

Customs House Exchange Rates For May

Hk. Tls.	3.50	@ 5/0⅛		£1
,,	1	@ 703	Francs	7.83
,,	0.77	@ 116⅛	Gold	$1
,,	1	@ 43⅜	Yen	2.54
,,	1	@ 15	Rupees	4.19
,,	1	@ 1.50	Mex.	$1.50
,,	1	@ —	Roubles	—

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, May 8, 1919.

BUSINESS DONE

Official

Japanese Government Bonds
Railway Purchase 5% Tls. 39.40 cash
Railway Purchase 5% Tls. 39.20 May
Railway Purchase 5% Tls. 38.75 June
Railway Purchase 5% Tls. 38.85 July
Japan-China S. and W. Co., Tls. 20.60 May
Japan-China S. and W. Co., Tls. 20.70 July
Shanghai P. and S. Exchange Tls. 21.80 July

Local Yarns:
Water Moon 16's Tls. 175.00 May
Water Moon 16's Tls. 165.00 June
Water Moon 16's Tls. 162.60 July
Phœnix Tls. 155.00 June
Wedding Tls. 164.00 May

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, May 8, 1919.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Hall and Holtz $12.50
Telephones Tls. 76.00
New Engineering Tls. 23.50
S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1916 @ Tls. 83.00
Shanghai Docks Tls. 130.00 June

Unofficial

Anglo-French Lands Tls. 75.50
S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1916 @ Tls. 83.00
Hall and Holtz $12.50
Yangtsze Insurance $232.00 XD.

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

Shanghai, May 7, 1919.

BUSINESS DONE

Unofficial

Samagagas Tls. 0.75 cash

Exchange Market

In thefr report for week ending May 7, Messrs. Maitland and Fearon write as follows:

Exchange.—The New York maximum price of silver remains at G.$1.01⅛ per ounce pure. The last London maximum price received is 48⅛d. After slight fluctuations our exchange market assumed a firm tone and the rate for T-T on London at 5/1d. is 1d. higher than last week. There has been a good volume of business on both sides of the book, and we close with ⅛d. over official rates offering for May-July delivery. The local stock of sycee and bar silver at Tls. 28,940,000 is Tls. 560,000 higher than last week. The stock of Mexican and Chinese dollars at $22,810,000 is $220,000 up.

Coal Market

Messrs. Wheelock and Co. write as follows in their report for week ending May 8:

Japan Coal.—This market has been very quiet during the past fortnight and there has been no business done of any kind, neither is there much chance of any new business coming to pass for the next month or two or until the Silk Filatures reopen, when it is expected that a certain amount of demand will spring up and we hope then to see a little more "life" in this market. The market in the same state as when last writing.

Fushun Coal.—No change.

Kaiping Coal.—This market has ruled quiet but firm during the past fortnight. Although coal has been taken regularly under contract, there is little new business to report. Prices in the North are very firm owing to large exports to Japan and the demand for better grades exceeds the the supply.

Coal Prices As Quoted

Japan Coal:

	Tls.
Miike Lump	Contracted for
Miike Small	Contracted for
Miike Dust	Contracted for
Kishima Lump	19.00
Kishima Dust (no stock)	13.00
Shakano Lump	18.50
Arate Lump	18.00
Shimoyamada Kirigomi	17.00
Shin-Shakano Kirigomi	16.00
Yoshinotani No. 1 Lump	18.00
Yoshinotani No. 2 Lump	16.50

Coal Prices As Quoted

	per ton ex Wharf Tls.
Kaiping Coal:	
Loco Lump	13.50
Linsi Lump	10.00
Washed Nuts	13.50
Washed Slack	10.50
No. 5 Slack	10.00
No. 1 Slack	9.50
No. 2 Slack	9.00

Manchurian Coal:
Fu-Shun Unscreened ex godown none for sale
Fu-Shun Dust, none for sale
Fu-Shun Lump, none for sale.

Hankow Market

Finance And Money

Bills were offering rather freely during the week both in Sterling, Gold Dollars, Francs and Yen. There was not a great deal of demand for Sterling remittance, but there was a certain amount of Yen demand, and some Sterling inter-bank business. T. T. Taels on Shanghai remained steady at 96.9 with a fair demand. Dollars rose to 71.1 buyers, and 71.3 sellers, Chinese market, and closed firm.

Interest: 11 percent. Changsha exchange: 26.

Imports

Piece Goods.—The market continues strong for white greys.

Yarn.—Very little business passing, except from stock.

Exports

Further purchases of Sesamum seed are reported and prices have advanced. Hides, tallow and wood-oil are all firm. Gallnuts are weaker.

Freight Market

Messrs. Wheelock and Co.'s report of May 8 says:

The situation in our Homeward Freight market is as follows:

To United Kingdom and Continent.—This berth has been very active since last writing and there is a very strong demand for space, especially for forward loading during the next two or three months, so much so indeed that the demand is far in excess of the supply of tonnage.

To United States via Pacific.—There is not much general cargo moving yet on this berth, but silk is going forward in very large quantities and the next "Empress" liner is expected to sail with a "record" shipment.

The new Tariff has now been published.

Coastwise.—Our Northern market continues fairly active; rates are steady and the regular liners are fully occupied on their usual runs, whilst according to reports from the South they seem to think that rates have reached their bottom level and there are hopes that things will improve in the near future.

LANGKAT OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received from the Sumatra Director and Manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat.

The output of crude oil for the week ended May 4 was 272 tons.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

To Build Great Tunnel Under English Channel

Sir Francis Fox.

With the restoration of peace, both the British and French Governments have revived the idea of building a tunnel under the English Channel connecting France and England. Sir Francis Fox, leading engineering authority of England, has been chosen as designer and engineer to build the British end of the great tunnel, according to a despatch from London. Sir Francis is one of the most famous engineers in the world. He is well known for his connection with the great Simplon Channel through the Alps.

ALASKA SEAL TRADE ADDS $1,000,000 TO TREASURY

Killing Is Now Permitted After Ban Of Several Years—Skins Cured And Treated

Washington, March 29.—Uncle Sam now receives about $1,000,000 annual revenue from his Alaska fur seal service, according to a statement today by H. M. Smith, Commissioner of Fisheries of the Department of Commerce.

For several years the killing of seals was stopped by law, but by an act of Congress in 1917 it was resumed to a limited extent, the last year under vigilant official supervision. Under the new methods only the surplus males are killed.

The herds off the Pribyloff Islands are estimated to be made up of about 525,000 seals, and the number killed during the last year was about 35,000. The skins after being prepared for use were sold at an average of about $50 each.

The change in the plan of marketing has been of greatest benefit, Commissioner Smith says. The old plan was to send raw skins to London and sell them for $10 apiece. They were prepared in England for commercial use, and when sent back to this country a duty of about 75 percent was exacted. By curing and treating the skins here the revenues have increased and American consumers are saved large sums formerly paid in duties.

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended May 7, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1919.	1918.
Gross Receipts	$41,949.24	$33,495.96
Loss by currency depreciation	10,544.35	7,619.07
Effective Receipts	$31,404.89	$25,876.89
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	26.21	23.93
Car Miles run...	87,438	80,316
Passengers Carried	1,896,189	1,535,662

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
TIENTSIN

Cable Address
ASTOR

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Every Bedroom with private Bath and Toilet.

First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
Cadaretta	Apr.	12
Tancred	Apr.	16
Satarita	Apr.	17
Astral	Apr.	18
China	Apr.	25
Ecuador	Apr.	27
For Tacoma		
Arabia Maru	Apr.	15
Manila Maru	Apr.	16
For Vancouver		
Monteagle	Apr.	14
Bessie Dollar	Apr.	18
Melville Dollar	Apr.	24
For New York Via Panama		
Lowther Castle	Apr.	19
For London, etc.		
Cardiganshire	Apr.	13
Iyo Maru	Apr.	14
City of Bristol	Apr.	15
Laomedon	Apr.	17
Bassano	Apr.	18
Carnarvonshire	Apr.	19
Chifuku Mat	Apr.	24
Somedone Maru	Apr.	26
Nellore	Apr.	25
Atsuta Maru	Apr.	29
Peleus	May	3
Glengyle	May	4
For Liverpool		
Pakling	Apr.	14
Telamon	Apr.	17
For Marseilles		
Luzon Maru	Apr.	13
For Odessa		
Mylie	Apr.	21
For Bombay		
Dunera	Apr.	10
Toyo Maru 2	Apr.	20
Hejaz	Apr.	26
For Saigon		
Balestrand	Apr.	13
For New Castle (Australia)		
Hwahting	Apr.	9

Arrivals

Arrived			From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
May	8	—	Ningpo	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May	8	—	Hongkong	Chinkiang	Br.	P. & O.
May	8	—	Japan	Paul Lecat	Fr.	M.M.
May	8	—	Foochow	Kienhsin	Chi.	W. & C.
May	8	—	Foochow	Ningshin	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
May	8	—	Swatow	Kumanosan Maru	Jap.	
May	8	—	Hongkong	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May	8	—	River ports	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
May	8	—	River ports	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
May	8	—	River ports	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
May	8	—	River ports	Tehhsing	Br.	H.O.S.S. Co.
May	8	—	Tsingtau	Isshin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
May	8	—		Shinsei Maru	Jap.	
May	8	—	Japan	Nagasaki Maru	Jap.	Suzuki & Co

El Oriente Cigar Factory Is American Concern

Governor-General of Philippines Issues Important Announcement

Walter E. Olsen & Co., Buy Largest Cigar Factory in Manila from Alien Property Custodian of U. S.

The world famous El Oriente Cigar Factory of Manila, Philippine Islands has passed into American hands. The Alien Property Custodian announces its sale to Walter E. Olsen and Company.

El Oriente Cigar Factory, has been established since 1883 and it is well and favorably known here. Every detail of manufacture, from the cultivation and care of the tobacco, to the clean and careful handling in the most modern and sanitary factories, has been carefully studied, with the result that the products of the factory enjoy a world wide enviable reputation.

The policy of the new owners will be to maintain the same high standard of quality that has made El Oriente cigars a by-word for good smokes throughout this country. The warehouses of the company contain more than three million pesos worth of tobacco, carefully selected and of the highest quality. This in itself assures smokers of a mild uniform blend, that from a point of quality and aroma is unexcelled.

The Governor-General of the Philippine Islands has sanctioned the issuance of the following statement, in order that the smoking public of China may be put in possession of the facts concerning the Oriente Cigar Factory:

Office of the Governor-General of The Philippine Islands

Manila, Feb. 18, 1919.

To whom it may concern:

"The Governor-General of the Philippine Islands has received the following self-explanatory letter from Mr. Douglas M. Moffat, managing director for the Philippine Islands of the Alien Property Custodian of the United States of America:

"United States of America the Alien Property Custodian. Office of the Managing Director In The Philippines Manila.

February, 12, 1919.

'Dear Sir:

'At the request of Walter E. Olsen Company, I beg to advise you that the El Oriente Cigar Factory and business as a going concern was sold by me, as representative of the Alien Property Custodian of the United States, at public sale, to the Walter E. Olsen Company, the highest bidder therefor. The sale has been confirmed by the Washington office of the Custodian and the Olsen Company has paid the purchase price, and is now in possession of, and operating, the factory and business. The Olsen Company is a corporation organised under the laws of the Philippine Islands and all of its stockholders are American citizens. The enemy interest should, therefore, be considered as eliminated and the business entitled to the same consideration as other American business.'

Yours very truly,
(Sgd.) DOUGLAS MOFFAT,
Managing Director for the Philippine Islands.

The Governor-General,
Manila, P. I."

"I hereby certify to the authenticity of the signature of Mr. Douglas M. Moffat, Managing Director for the Philippine Islands of the Alien Property Custodian, on the original of the above-quoted letter which is on file in this office. I further certify that the records of the Division of Archives, Patents, Copyrights, and Trade-Marks of the Philippine Government show that Walter E. Olsen and Company is a Philippine corporation duly organised under the laws of the Philippine Islands and that all of its stockholders are citizens of the United States of America."

By authority of the Governor General.

(Sgd.) J. L. IRWIN,
Secretary to the Gov.-Gen.

The business of this concern will continue under its old trade name "EL ORIENTE FABRICA DE TABACOS."

The new owners announce that El Oriente Fabrica de Tabacos is not directly or indirectly connected with Oriente Tobacco Manufactory of Hongkong, and that the former arrangement whereby the latter company was privileged to use the labels and trademarks of El Oriente Fabrica de Tabacos has been withdrawn.

The world famous cigar packed under "LA PERLA DEL ORIENTE" and "EL COMETA DEL ORIENTE" brands will henceforth be manufactured only in Manila.

The Tabaqueria Filipina, 34 Nanking Road, Shanghai, have been appointed Agents for China including Hongkong for the above brands.

CONGOLEUM RUGS

SANITARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

Be up-to-date and when Cooking DO IT ELECTRICALLY

BECAUSE It is the **Cheapest** method.
,, ,, **Cleanest** ,,
,, ,, **Easiest** ,,
,, ,, **Coolest** ,,

And because it keeps your kitchen cool through the heat of summer. Food cooked by Electricity tastes better than food cooked by any other method.

A special low price per unit is charged for cooking. Cookers may be hired at Tls. 0.50 per month.

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT
SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2660.

HIRE CARS

$3.00 Per Hour $3.00

($1.00 Minimum)

Phone: CENTRAL 4257

The Hudford Garage
89-91 RUE MONTAUBAN

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING Coke Coal

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI LOCAL TIME IS ONE HOUR AHEAD OF RAILWAY TIME

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS		Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North	dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Kashi	dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Sicawei	dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction	dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South	*dep.*	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction	*dep.*	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sunglang	dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashi	dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kaking	dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Tekah	dep.	8.45	11.06	13.16	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Chapu	dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow	dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou	arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS		Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou	dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow	dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Chapu	dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.35
Tekah	dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kaking	dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashi	dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Sunglang	dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction	*dep.*	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South	*arr.*	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction	dep.	....	10.30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.36	....
Sicawei	dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield	dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North	arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou	arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

E. Hasenstab Chi.

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WEATHER

Thunderstorms still likely to occur in our regions.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, MAY 9, 1919

Some Phases Of The Chinese Students' Outburst

ONE factor in the present outburst in Peking not to be overlooked is the readiness of the Peking Government to manipulate the telegraph wires to suit its own convenience whenever it is to its interests to do so. It is not the first time, when its interests were involved, that it has done all but shut off communications entirely. It did all but that for two or three days after the attack on Tsao Ju-lin's house in Peking Sunday. A message sent to THE CHINA PRESS by its correspondent on Sunday arrived here Wednesday. And that is the only message that has come through to this paper from any of its correspondents in North China. The same appears to be true of the North-China Daily News and even Reuter's News Agency.

This is a condition against which the press cannot fail to make a positive and vehement protest. The question of right and wrong involved in it is too elementary for discussion; presumably China has advanced beyond the conceptions of the Empress Dowager. If there were no other argument against it, its utter futility should be enough to damn it. For telegraph censorships can no more serve to keep news from spreading than a straw wall can fire. Every avenue of communication with Peking could have been closed and the government yet fail in its apparent object of preventing the rising of a national spirit of indignation. And to attempt that object by the clumsy ruse of delaying news telegrams, now or on any similar occasion, is a piece of Mandarin obstructive stupidity.

Another fact, revealed in the article from our own correspondent in another column, is the emergence of the student rising from a state of inchoate mob spirit. Organisation is to be attempted with the definite aim of bringing to punishment the men who have tried to sell their country. The death penalty is to be demanded for Tsao Ju-lin, Chang Chung-hsiang, and Lu Chung-yu among others. Whether this could be brought about by legal methods is uncertain. Certainly there would be magnificent retribution and a tremendous impetus to Chinese official morality in the spectacle, placed before the nation, of these men before a firing squad. It would give pause to others of their ilk. But the responsibility cannot be so easily fixed. What of the others who have not only condoned their actions and winked at them, if not profited by them? What of Hsu Shu-cheng, *enfant terrible* and unabashed middleman? What of Tuan Chi-jui, the stupid stuffed god, under whose aegis, a prestige built up largely by foreigners on shifting sand, with the foreigner's fatal genius for misjudging Chinese public men, the Tsao Ju-lin crowd has conducted its negotiations? What of a horde of others? The moral influence of making an example of some would be deep and beneficent, but it might not be of much practical use in the future. The use of the scapegoat is an historic Chinese political tactic. At any rate there is a fine satisfaction in the thought of Tsao Ju-lin and Lu Chung-yu now cowering under the protection of the Japanese Legation in Peking in terror at the wrath of their countrymen. There is satisfaction also in the evidence that the Chinese give promise of abandoning violence for a legal and more effective method.

It Happened Before

(*New York Times*)

When the Roman Emperor Heraclius returned to Constantinople in triumph in the year 629, bringing with him the true cross recovered from the Persians as the visible symbol of the reconquest of the wealthiest provinces of the empire, it might have seemed to almost any one that the peril of the State which at that time comprised almost all of European civilisation was at an end. For four centuries the Persians had been the inveterate enemy, a continuing and powerful menace more serious than the recurring inroads of barbarians in the Balkan Peninsula. Within the last few years the menace had been at its height; Persia had overrun and occupied Syria, Palestine, and Egypt; her army had for years been encamped within sight of the capital itself; more than once it had seemed that the Roman power must inevitably go down. And yet, thanks to an unprecedented outburst of patriotism, to the loyal co-operation of a whole people, and above all to the military genius of a brilliant Emperor, the menace had been put aside forever. The Persian armies had been not only beaten but annihilated; the Persian King was now little more than a vassal of the Roman Emperor; the war was over, and complete victory had been won. The world breathed freely again, just as it did last November.

Yet within seven years—those were days when time and armies moved more slowly—Roman armies were going down before a new and unexpected enemy, who presently had occupied all that the Persians had ever held and more, too. The provinces that had been rescued from Persia were lost forever to the Saracens, and once more Rome was fighting for its life against a still more terrible foe, who had swallowed up what was left of Persia, who came very near overwhelming the victor of the earlier struggle along with the defeated.

The new enemy was of a different sort. He fought a Holy War; he had a new and seductive religion which knew no compromise; he regarded the lives and property of unbelievers as forfeit to the devotees of the true faith, to be won by them if they had the power. The war against Persia had been a sort of crusade, for the Persians had a national religion bitterly antagonistic to Christianity; but it was only a national religion, appealing to few but Persians. The new religion that came out of the deserts of Arabia called to every one; it offered obscure spiritual benefits to those dissatisfied with the compromises and partial successes of their own faith; it held out an abundance of gross material promises to the less spiritually minded. It regarded infidels as the natural slaves of the true believers, toward whom no faith need be kept and no mercy shown. But an infidel could become a believer and share in the benefits by professing faith, fighting in the armies of the new religion, and according unquestioning obedience to its autocratic head.

Heraclius, the conqueror of the Persians, did next to nothing against this new menace. His army of occupation on the frontier fought bravely, but was overwhelmed, and neither Emperor nor people made a very serious effort to recover what had been lost. The provinces which had remained Roman in sentiment even during the Persian occupation embraced the new religion and presently became loyal to the new ruler; for they had their own dissatisfactions with the Government at Constantinople, their people resented the predominance there of other races and of the ideas of alien minds; they had resisted a national conquest, but accepted the new militant creed of internationalism. The rest of the empire which had united so gallantly against the long terror of the Persian invasion had returned to its ancient internal bickerings and jealousies with the moment of the return of peace, and there was not the energy to get together once more and forget the minor issues in the presence of overwhelming danger. Economically and physically the empire was exhausted by the Persian campaigns, and it required too much moral effort to go back to the beginning and make the old sacrifices and the old exertions against a new foe who threatened what had apparently been securely won. And so a race of inferior culture—for the Arab civilisation of later years drew much of its nourishment from a Greek subsoil—defeated and despoiled the greatest empire of the world on the morrow of that empire's most brilliant triumph. Constantinople and the home provinces were saved later on by an outburst of desperate energy, but much was lost to Europe and Christendom which remained lost for thirteen hundred years.

We may be once again facing a test of the capacity of a people which has just put forth all its strength in a struggle for life, and which has relaxed when that struggle was won to repeat its efforts when its life is once more at stake. It is to be hoped that our leaders will be more enduring than Heraclius, that our peoples will recover their powers of resistance before half their possessions are lost.

London Chit-Chat

(*From London Chronicle*)

Absent Minded Orators

The little slip made by Mr. Jack Jones in addressing the Commons as "gentlemen," for which he hastened to apologise, is quite common in the case of new members. When all one's speaking has been done at public meetings it is a little difficult to remember that in the House one must always address the chair.

Memory does not recall that the Commons have ever been appealed to as "fellow working men," but Mr. Speaker has from time to time been styled by absent-minded orators, "My lud," "Your worship," and "Mr. Mayor."

• • •

Sir William Osler

Of all our busy medical men there is none at present more active than Sir William Osler, who is to be one of the representatives of the British Red Cross at Cannes next week.

Sir William will be 70 in July, and we wonder whether he ever recalls the days when he used to be associated with the too old at 40 idea. Certainly, if he had been too old at 40 the world would have been a great deal poorer and probably a great deal unhealthier. Present indications suggest that Sir William will not be too old—at 80.

• • •

Lord Denman's Story

At a luncheon in honor of Lieut.-General Sir John Monash, Lord Denman told this little story. Before the luncheon he said to Sir John: "You were, I believe, an engineer before the war?"

Sir John paused, and at last said, "I suppose I was, but it is so long ago that I had almost forgotten it!" In fact, the engineer has now been submerged by the fame and success of the soldier.

• • •

Continental Fashions

We notice another brave attempt is being made to "reconstruct" the Englishman's garb. The intermingling of nations brought about by the war raises fresh hopes in the breast of the manufacturer that our insular tastes in masculine attire may be susceptible of modification in the direction of a more continental mode.

It will prove a difficult matter. There may be a certain period of experimenting with colored dress suits, and dazzle shirts for morning wear. But we are not "dressy" by nature. The velour hat proved a popular import from the Continent, and we thought it had come to stay. But now we are told of rush for silk hats and a moderate struggle for bowlers, as in the days beyond recall.

• • •

The Colored Dress Suit

To ladies' eyes around,
How gay our dress would seem
If gentlemen were bound
In orange, blue and cream;
Quick, Sartor, quick,
With patterns chic,
I want a perfect dream.

When man is rainbow-dight
In yellow, green, and rose,
With shoon of pink and white
And tartan "overhose";
When Strephon has
A suit of Jazz,
Then Chloe will propose!

A. W.

• • •

A Countess From Lithuania

A countess who has just arrived in England tells a tragic story of the Bolshevik terror.

Not many days ago she saw a crowd of villagers arriving at her country mansion. They included many tenants who had been on happy terms with her. The spokesman said with deep emotion, which was shared by all the others, that they had come to kill the countess.

Amazed at such a statement, she asked "Why?" The spokesman replied that it was at the command of the Bolsheviki, and that if they failed to carry out their orders their own lives were in peril.

The countess discussed the awful tidings with quiet dignity, and at last one of the crowd suggested, with naive simplicity, that she should "escape" from her home at once. Then, allowing a little time, the peasants would return and tell their masters that she had gone. She acted on this plan, and was able to reach England without further danger.

• • •

London's Coal

London's coal mines, we know by the strike, are situated in Notts and Derby, and come by rail to the domestic scuttle. When London first got coal it came by sea to London Town, was brought up the Thames in barges, and was landed on the banks of the Fleet within a stone's throw of the "Office Window."

If you are curious you may walk up Farringdon Road towards the market and take the first turning on the right from Ludgate Circus up Seacoal Lane. It is not now a salubrious spot, but it is better than it was with lime burners one side and tanners the other. And then coal came in casks through the Lud Gate, was measured by the quarter, and was tested by meters appointed by the Lord Mayor.

• • •

Spirit Reserves

It is not easy to form an idea of the capacity of the vast oil reservoir which the Admiralty have built at Rosyth, though an excavation of 30,000 cubic yards and a roof area of 7 1-3 acres are undoubtedly impressive figures. They are useful in another direction.

The new reservoir holds 60 million gallons. At the end of last month there were in bond 114,132,000 proof gallons of British spirits, apart from huge quantities of brandy and rum. Diluted to their selling strength, these spirits collectively would fill nearly three Rosyth reservoirs.

• • •

A Too Popular Error

Lord Lincolnshire we notice has been trotting out our old friend "beau ideal," for the edification of the peers, describing Mr. Lloyd George as "the very beau ideal of a Coalition Prime Minister." Popular as the expression is, it is certainly not French, or French only "after the schole of Stratford atte Bowe." Very evidently, too, it is not English, although reversed it would be.

It must be admitted that it has the sanction of general, but not of old-esabilished use, for "ideal" as a noun substantive hardly dates farther back than Byron's day, and "beau" has never been admitted into our language as an adjective.

• • •

The Boom In Silver

Not for something like half a century have silver mine owners had such a chance as now. All through the war, owing to the withdrawal of gold from circulation and the increased use of silver all over the world, silver has been mounting up in price, and yesterday the Treasury raised the price to 49 5-16d. per ounce.

Before the war it stood at about 23d. per ounce, and the tendency was always downwards. Now there is a chance of its reaching the price, 66d. an ounce, at which the silver in a shilling will actually be worth the twentieth part of a gold sovereign.

• • •

A Real Opportunity

When the Government sets to work on its Whitehall outside the congested area it will have an excellent opportunity of giving an object lesson in town making. An ideal arrangement would make it possible for the civil servant of the future to live within immediate reach of his work.

What a happier place England might be if we had garden factories in the center of garden cities with no time wasted in traveling to and from! If the Government set the example with its bureaucratic factories others might follow suit.

• • •

Americans Read This

Those who plume themselves on the patriotic fact that they do not want anything made in Germany should refrain from using the expression "to make good."

We believe it is usually regarded as a piece of American slang, but its spiritual home is in the Central Empires. Anyone who knows German idiomatically and not from grammars only, is aware that "gut machen" is the term used for an act of compensation or redemption. If you damage your neighbor's property, run over his dog, or the like, you offer to pay the money value, and so "make it good." If you have offended your object in apologising is "to make it good again." Es wieder gut zu machen. A phrase which German-Americans popularised in the States.

London Paper Discovers American Life

(*From The London Globe*)

A gambling scene of a unique character for London was witnessed today by a Globe representative.

It took place in an open space near the Eagle Hut, and was witnessed by a large crowd.

The players were Canadian, New Zealand, Australian, and American soldiers and American sailors. All were excited, and the betting on the game, played with a couple of dice, was fast and furious.

The game, a Globe representative learned, is called "scrap," and one "shoots the scrap," or "shoot" the dice. A Canadian soldier standing by described it as the best and swiftest gambling game in the world.

"Scrap" is somewhat akin to banker, but the main idea is to throw seven or eleven with the dice the first time.

Today every one "shot" with avidity, American sailors knelt like backers at a cockfight, and money passed quickly with every throw.

Men were betting against one another, and against third parties and eventualities. One gambler had fifteen or sixteen Treasury notes in his hand at one time.

"Any one want to join?" cried one successful backer. At this point The Globe representative left.

Correspondence

A Letter From Fiume

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir.—I beg to give you a literal translation of a letter, dated the 20th day of last January, addressed to our Chamber of Commerce by the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Fiume, a non-political body where all the economical activities of the city are concentrated:

"On October 28, 1918, the Hungarian Government has given up our city to the brutality of a ferocious horde.

"Desperation and the horror for a new brutal slavery had the power to raise as one man the 35,000 Italians of Fiume. They gathered themselves around the sacred Tricolor, which bears the white cross of Savoia, and took the oath that they would be annexed to Italy or die.

"The Croation violence instead of cooling down the enthusiasm of the Fiumans, for the holy cause of their redemption, has strengthened it, and on the 30th day of the same month by a formal plebiscite the Fiumans have proclaimed to the world the annexation of Fiume, to the mother country Italy.

"Our Chamber of Commerce during the meeting of November 18, 1918, has recognised the power of the Italian National Council and has decided to stand by it till his patriotic aims are attained.

"On November 17, 1918, we have received with frantic enthusiasm the deliverance of Fiume by our Italian brothers and now that our trepidation is practically over we are sending to all the Italian Chambers of Commerce our most cordial and brotherly greetings.

"It is the aims of our Chamber—vainly longed for till yesterday—to co-operate with all our power in favor of the economic progress and national welfare of our true country the great Italy."

The original of the above letter is exposed on a special board at the hall of the offices of the Italian Chamber of Commerce, 38 Kiangse Road.

G. A. BENA, Chairman,
Italian Chamber of Commerce.
Shanghai, May 8.

A Chinese Expression Of Opinion On Kiaochow

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir.—The undersigned hearing the the sad news of China's defeat in Paris are very earnestly to ask your promise to spare some space in THE CHINA PRESS for the following statement, if it would remind the Japanese government to change its foolish policy which is attacking upon the Republic of China.

All Chinese know clearly what Japan wants are the riches of China and to turn her into another Chosen first by annexing the province of Shantung—nay, the whole Republic—in the name of taking Tsingtau as booty in the past Great War, that other Allies fought purely for righteousness and humanity.

The accident in Peking which happened in the afternoon of 4th inst. is a determination for entirely putting out the pro-Japan traitors who hold great powers at present day. In another word, it is the duty's call of Chinese in time to rise up for saving their mother country from ruin.

It is too foolish to treat China as the helpless who are only lack of good government—they are not lack of patriotism. Moveover, Japan does depend upon China greatly in commerce; its most important principle is to get people's confidence of another nation when trades of two nations are dealt with. If Japan would lose her commerce in China what should she do with her handful of people who are always very hard to get their livelihood within their own country; though they will say there are pretty rooms in Europe or America, besides China?. Can Europe or America accept them after such tremendous destruction in the past Great War? Some Japanese will say it is not necessary to fear that they will lose trades in China for they can conquer her. Well then, are Chinese willingly to be her slaves? Will other Allies be bystanders to see another Prussian militarism developed in the Far East? The undersigned know Japan will not answer these questions in an affirmative way. She must have some words in disguise to answer them.

Look at Chinese movement's which happened today in the Native City. All of them—men or women, boys or girls—in once voice were crying, "Down with those traitors and bitterest enemies! Give back our Tsingtau! Strive it to our last breath!"

If Japan can freely give Tsingtau back to China, Chinese are very willingly to be friends with her people.

Yours respectfully,
R. C. LOH,
Stump-Orator,
T. A. TEANG,
Hon. Secretary.
Sino-French Anti-Hun Stump Orator's Association,
In The Building of the Dong Nyi Helpless School.
Shanghai, May 7.

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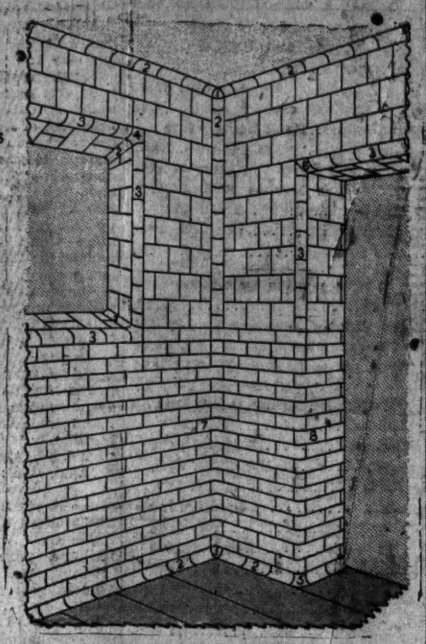

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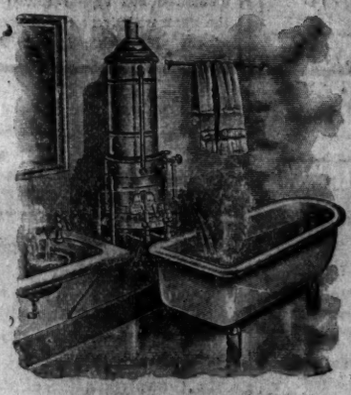

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Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

Shall Husbands Pay Their Wives Wages?

Another perplexing problem brought on by the war comes clamoring for solution. Wives are insisting that husbands pay them wages. At least English wives are making this demand, according to a writer in the London Daily Mail. "The Government values my services at three pounds a week," says friend wife, addressing the masculine member of the partnership. "If I quit my job and come home and work for you, I think it's no more than fair that you should pay me. My keep probably costs you one pound a week. Hence, I am in all justice entitled to receive two pounds a week from you." The husband sees the logic of it and also its justice, and seeing, he ponders. Says the writer in The Mail:

Women who have been managers of aircraft works and other business during the war have different ideas of their value from those they had before. Nothing will induce them to be voluntary workers any more. They see that work is only valued when paid for, and it is not good for "hubby" to have so much done for him for nothing.

The writer, who is a woman, and hence, no doubt, much better able to appreciate the true inwardness of the situation than a mere man would be, then dilates on the great reluctance with which the average woman asks her husband for money, her intense joy when she is in possession of money that is really her own, and particularly her satisfaction in being able to take full advantage of every bargain sale, a pleasure apparently heretofore largely denied her owing to a lack of funds. As she puts it:

Women have felt all these things in the past, but they have said nothing. They will never be silent about their grievances again. Women are awake to everything that concerns them now. And if no notice is taken of their demands there will be a strike. Seething discontent is always dangerous.

There is only one answer the men can make. They know that their wives will go out to work if they do not pay them to stay at home unless there is a very good reason why they they should not pay. They know what that means to the children. They know that one woman is not capable of doing two people's work, as their wives will attempt.

However, there is always a compensatory, not to say relatiatory, side to all things, and the writer in The Mail appreciates that an arrangement under which a husband pays his wife wages carries with it certain obligations which the wife must meet, and that the husband may very well answer the demands of his spouse as follows:

"Right! You shall have your wages and I shall expect efficiency. No office was ever so badly run as some homes. That is the fault of the 'voluntary worker,' no doubt. Let the wives have wages in future. Then husbands can bring home whom they like for dinner. They can pay half a crown extra!"

There is truth in the last remark, and the wives know it. Because they have run the homes on a voluntary basis they have reserved the right to grumble. It would certainly increase the men's self-respect if they knew they were paying for services rendered. And there is no reason why, when the business basis is settled, the relations between husband and wife should not be improved.

Racy Vocabulary Of The Airman

A few nights ago during a theater intermission a group of aviators was swapping stories. One of the fliers, a chap apparently of not more than 20, who wore on his sleeve the markings of an instructor, told this story to the edification of his fellow-aviators and the mystification of by-standers

"One day a strapping big kiwee climbed into my bus, just when I wanted to take a jazz ride by myself. 'Have you taken out a $10,000 policy?' I asked sort of casually as I took my place in the front seat. The kiwee smiled a sickly kind of a smile and I turned on the juice.

"We taxied off, and when the ship had reached the ceiling I turned off the engine and started spiraling down in easy stages. Suddenly the joystick refused to work and the bus commenced doing all kinds of stunts which I couldn't stop. Finally I looked over my shoulder, and what do you think had happened The kiwee had grabbed hold of the other joystick and was holding on to it with grim terror written all over his face. I frantically motioned to him to release the stick. I guess he realised something was up, for he let go and I managed to flatten out. When we landed they had to take the kiwee away in hungry Liz, the ride had scared him so."

To the uninitiated the disregard of the young instructor-flier for the King's English was all the more amazing because he had the appearance of being well bred and well educated. They did not know that most of the slang words he had used were terms recognised by the Division of Military Aeronautics of the War Department. The nomenclature books of balloon and airplane branches might be taken for dictionaries of slang were there not technical aeronautical terms among them.

Aeronautical slang is more easily understood when one considers the nature and personnel of the air service. Both in the United States and Canada the men who responded to the call for aviators were predominantly college students or men recently out of college.

What the instructor-flier meant when told of taking a kiwee for a ride was that he had had a ground or non-flying officer with him on the trip. The application of this term to the ground officer was the result of an evident belief on the part of the cadet who first used it that the kiwee, a worthy member of the bird family, was a non-flier. Bird lovers and naturalists who write to Texas newspapers in defense of the kiwee showed that quite the contrary was true. Nevertheless the nickname stuck.

An airplane was rarely called by its rightful name; it was usually a boat, ship, bus, or taxi. The wings of an airplane were frequently referred to as the "decks." When a flier spoke of the "ceiling" he meant the maximum altitude attainable by his ship. A "jazz ride," in automobile parlance, is a joyride.

Some of the terms at the flying fields had elastic meanings. An example was the term "crash." A layman would suppose an airplane which had met with a "crash" was fit only for the junk heap. But such was not always the case. Any bad landing, in which the plane was damaged the least bit, was a "crash." It included everything from a slight breakage to complete destruction.

"To pancake" was to land flat like a pancake. It resulted from leveling the ship too far above ground. "To zoom" was to climb at an extreme angle for a short distance and resume a level course before the machine stalled. When an airplane was driven along the ground to gain sufficient speed before going up it was spoken of as "taxiing." "Turning off the juice" meant shutting off the engine.

A flier who presumed to call the control lever of an airplane by any other terms than joystick or stick would soon be corrected by his fellows.

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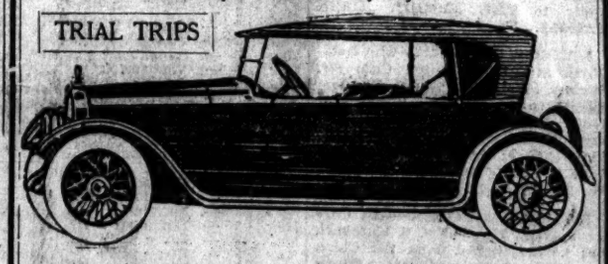

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Loongwo, tons 3,925, Captain Findelson, will leave on **Friday, May 9,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi,** Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, May 9,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Nanyang Maru,** Captain K. Takesita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Friday, May 9,** at about 12 o'colck midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung,** Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, May 10,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangfoo, Captain Johannessen, will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S-N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tafoo Maru,** Captain H. Yamanita, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Saturday, May 10,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage, apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Talee Maru,** Captain C. Hosokawa, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Monday, May 12,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage, apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Luenho, tons 2,868, Captain Jackson, will leave on **Monday, May 12,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Suiyang Maru,** Capt. S. Kusakari, will be despatched from the China Merchant's Central Wharf on **Tuesday, May 13,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang,** Captain Carraghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, May 13,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Suiwo,** tons 2,671, Captain Smith, will leave on **Tuesday, May 13,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The **China Navigation** Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking,** Captain A. Stott R. N. R. **will leave** from the French Bund on **Friday, May 9,** at 5:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. **No. 77, Passage Tel.** No. 401.

AMOY & SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chinkiang,** Captain G. D. S. Mills, will leave on **Saturday May 10,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan,** Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Sunday, May 11,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sinkiang,** Captain G. W. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, May 13,** at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Canada Maru,** Captain T. Bando, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Thursday, May 29,** at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO & NEWCHWANG.—The Str. **Kungping,** Capt. J. B. Howel, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow,** Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, May 10,** at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow,** Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, May 10,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shuntien,** Captain Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, May 13,** at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & HONOLULU.—The Stemaer **Tenyo Maru,** 22,000 tons, Captain K. Hashimoto, will be despatched on **Friday, May 9.** Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs jetty at 11 a.m. Customs Clock. For passage apply to **TOYO KISEN KAISHA,** T. N. Alexander, Manager.

LONDON.—The Steamer **Amur Maru,** Captain I. Hamada will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **May 25.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON via MARSEILLES.—The Steamer **Andes Maru,** Captain K. Goko, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **Tuesday, June 10.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

MARSEILLES via GENOA.—The Steamer **Indo Maru,** Captain T. Yendoh, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **Saturday June 7.** For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 5 The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Feb. 12 —	Japan	Yoiko Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Feb. 15 —	Bellingham, Wash.	J. Steedman	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Mar. 13 —		Misaki Maru	Br.	M.B.K.
Mar. 16 —		Mitsuku Mar	Jap.	M.B. Co.
Mar. 20 —		Marie Barnard	Jap.	M.B. Co.
Apr. 6 —	Chinwangtao	Shinko Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
Apr. 8 —	Hongkong	Castlefield	Br.	W. & Co.
Apr. 19 —	Swatow	Yusang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Apr. 22 —	Hongkong	Kwongsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Apr. 22 —	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Apr. 26 —		Mongujy		
Apr. 27 —	Hongkong	Kwanglee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 1 —		Chienan	Chi.	T. W. C.
May 1 —	Japan	Fukuyo Maru	Jap.	
May 1 —	Vladivostok	Carmarthenshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
May 1 —	Tsingtao	Neuralia	Br.	M. M. & Co.
May 4 —	Tsingtao	Shinsei Maru 10	Jap.	S. Yoko
May 4 —	Java Ports	Tjiliwong	H-C.	T. Co.
May 5 —	Japan	Yei Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
May 5 —	Japan	Kashiwa Maru	Jap.	
May 6 —	Liverpool' etc.	Rhesus	Br.	B. & S.
May 6 —	Hongkong	Kungping	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 6 —	River Ports	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 6 —	River Ports	Tachang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
May 6 —	Japan	Unaki Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
May 6 —		Teli	Chi.	
May 7 —	Japan	Pakling	Br.	B. & S.
May 7 —	Japan	Kinzan Maru	Jap.	
May 7 —	Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
May 7 —	Vladivostok	Simbirsk	Rus.	R. V. F.
May 7 —	Japan	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 7 —	River Ports	Hwahjee	Chi.	J.M. & Co.
May 7 —	River Ports	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
May 7 —	Hankow	Tseangtah	Chi.	I.&E.L. Co.
May 7 —	Hongkong	Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 8 —	Hongkong	Chinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
May 8 —	Japan	Paul Lecat	Fr.	M.M.
May 8 —	Foochow	Kienhsin	Chi.	W. & Co.
May 8 —	Foochow	Ningshin	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
May 8 —	Swatow	Kumanosan Maru	Jap.	
May 8 —	Hongkong	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 8 —	River ports	Loongwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
May 8 —	River ports	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
May 8 —	River ports	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
May 8 —	River ports	Tehhsing	Br.	H.O.S.S. Co.
May 8 —	Tsingtau	Ishin Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
May 8 —		Sansei Maru	Jap.	
May 8 —	Japan	Nagasaki Maru	Jap.	Suzuki Co.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
WTW	———		Snipe	Br. gun-boat
WTW	———		Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
P & O B I	Oct. 18		Sel. Caboto	It. gun-boat
S P.	Dec. 21		Quiros	Am. gun-boat
I C	Feb. 11		Wilmington	Am. gun-boat
K N D	Mar. 15		Palos	Am. gun-boat
2 C	Mar. 17		Elcano	Am. gun-boat
B I I I	Apr. 18		Brooklyn	Am. cruiser
B V I I	Apr. 30		Suma	Jap. gun-boat
M M B	May 4		D de Lagree	Fr. gun-boat
B N B	May 6		Cadmus	Br. gun-boat
S P.	May 7		Uji	Jap. gun-boat

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
May 9	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
May 9	—	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 10	—	Vancouver	Empress of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
May 15	—	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
May 15	—	San Francisco	Archer	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
May 24	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
May 25	—	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
May 26	—	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
May 27	—	Tacoma, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
June 15	—	San Francisco	West Vaca	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
June 21	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.N. Co.
June 28	—	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July 12	—	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July 19	—	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
July 26	—	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

May 9	—	Nagasaki	Sishan	Rus.	R.V.F.
May 10	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 13	—	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 14	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 16	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 17	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 18	—	Kobe	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 23	—	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May —	—	Kobe & Yokohama	Nera	Fr.	M.M. Cie
June —	—	Kobe & Yokohama	Sphinx	Fr.	M.M. Cie

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

———	—	London, etc.	Andes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
May	—	Marseilles	Nera	Fr.	M.M. Cie
May	—	London	C. of Colombo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
May 10	—	Marseilles	Paul Lecat	Fr.	M.M. Cie
May 12	—	London	Shidzuoka Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 15	—	London, etc.	Lycaon	Br.	B. & S.
May 17	—	London, etc.	Amur Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
May 26	—	London	Kaga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 29	—	London, etc.	Mentor	Br.	B. & S.
June —	—	London	Altai Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
June —	—	Marseilles	Sphinx	Fr.	M.M. Cie

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

May 9	5.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
May 9	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
May 10	5.30	Ningpo	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 10	D.L.	Amoy & Swtow	Chinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
May 11	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
May 13	10.00*	Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
May 16	—	Manila & Hongkong	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
May 31	—	Hongkong & Manila	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.

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	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*AMUR MARU	15,000	I. Hamada,	May 23	May 25
*ANDES MARU	15,000	K. Goko,	June 8	June 10

FOR MARSEILLES (Via Genoa).

INDO MARU	10,000	Y. Yendoh,	May 30	June 17

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*AFRICA MARU	20,000	H. Yamamoto,	May 26	May 27
*ARABIA MARU	15,000	T. Saito,	July 18	July 20

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
CANADA MARU	12,000	T. Bando,	May 28	May 29

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
KOHOKU MARU	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	May 15	May 17

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
KEELUNG MARU	3,000	Y. Fukami,	May 10	May 13

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S.S. Venezuela	June 21	S.S. Ecuador	June 28
S.S. Ecuador	July 19	S.S. Colombia	July 26

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FOR NORTHERN PORTS

May 9	—	Chefoo & Newchwang	Kungping	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 9	—	Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 9	—	Tsingtao & Dairen	Hakushin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
May 9	3.00	Vladivostok	Sishan	Rus.	R.V.F.
May 10	—	Tsingtao	Fumi Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
May 10	D.L.	Tsingtao	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
May 10	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
May 13	3.00	W'wei, Chefoo, T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

May 9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
May 9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
May 10	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tafoo Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
May 10	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
May 11	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
May 12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tales Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
May 13	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
May 13	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
May 13	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.

*A.M. N.M.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Departures

Date		For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
May 8	—	River ports	Ningshao	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
May 8	—	Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 8	—	River ports	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 8	—	River ports	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
May 8	—	River ports	Siangyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
May 8	—		Yushun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 8	—	Native Customs	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 8	—	Wuhu	Fsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
May 8	—	A., H'kong, C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
May 8	—	Hongkong, Canton	Namwo	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
May 8	—		Kienkong	Chi.	W. & Co.
May 8	—	Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi.	Customs
May 8	—	Naking	Koun Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
May 8	—	Cruise	U.S.S. Villalobos		
May 8	—	Japan	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 8	—	Ningpo	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

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TENYO MARU ..... May 9, 1919
SHINYO MARU ..... May 26, 1919

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

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WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
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VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

*S.S. "NANKING"	JUNE	22nd
S.S. "CHINA"	JULY	5th

*S.S. "Nanking" does not call at Nagasaki.

FOR HONGKONG VIA MANILA
S.S. "NANKING" ..... JUNE 3rd

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT
"CHINA" ..... JUNE 21st

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
F. C. CHARMAN.
Acting Agent.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773

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Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, and England:

	Tons		
SHIDZUOKA MARU....	12,500	Capt. R. Ozaki,	May 12
KAGA MARU	12,500	Capt. N. Segawa,	May 26

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

FUSHIMA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	June 27
KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. S. Koma,	July 23

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

YAMASHIRO MARU ..	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	May 13
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Itsuno,	May 23

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

YAWATA MARU	7000	Capt. H. Nojiri,	May 10
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. H. Kawai,	May 14
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	May 17
TAKESHIMA MARU ..	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida,	May 21

KOBE TO SEATTLE

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. M. Machida,	June 8

FOR JAPAN

TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. T. Sekine,	May 18

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	June 29

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	June 3

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. F. C. Cope,	May 21
TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. M. Nishimura,	June 25
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Yamazaki,	July 23

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNEMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)
March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line			Mail 4.	
20.35	8.35		0	dep.	Peking	arr.	19.50	
23.45	11.12		. .	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	17.00	
23.50	11.17		84	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.53	
24.00	11.25		. .	arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.	16.45	
19.35	. .		524	arr.	Mukden	dep.	. .	

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line			Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	9.45	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	17.05	15.45	20.15
6.55	9.55	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16.55	15.35	20.05
7.25	10.15	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.31	15.20	19.45
13.02	16.00	15.30	78	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	13.05	11.28	15.28
16.40	19.20	18.08	148	dep.	Tsehsien	dep.	10.33	8.47	11.56
19.57	22.12	20.21	—	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	6.00	8.30
7.	:		220		:				8.
6.00	22.25	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.40	19.02
9.27	1.00	22.31	266	dep.	Tsinanfu	dep.	6.01	3.25	16.24
12.27	3.47	0.38	318	arr.	Yenchowfu	dep.	3.49	0.40	13.00
12.47	4.02	0.48		dep.	Yenchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	12.28
16.30	6.55	3.16	377	dep.	Liachong	dep.	1.29	21.24	9.26
19.02	8.45	4.50	—	arr.	Kuchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	6.30
9.	:		420		:				10.
5.40	9.00	4.57	—	dep.	Kuchowfu	arr.	23.29	19.00	20.50
11.26	13.02	8.33		arr.	Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	16.20
11.51	13.20	8.40	522	dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.35	14.09
18.27	17.34	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow	dep.	16.48	10.50	8.17
20.08	18.55	13.00	681	arr.	Pukow	dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line			Exp.	N. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0		dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193		arr.	Shanghai-North	dep.	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Taianfu Branch Line					Liachong-Taochong Branch Line						
13.10	4.19	d. Yenchowfu s.	12.08	23.53	21.38	16.40	8.38	d. Liachong s.	6.23	15.50	21.08
14.03	5.05	a. Taianghow d.	11.15	23.00	22.40	17.50	10.40	a. Taochong d.	5.15	14.40	19.50

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.
Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST
Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ..	$650
Chartered	£80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 380
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$500 B.
North China	Tls. 217
Union of Canton ...	$900
Yangtsze	$229
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 24
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$160
Hongkong Fire	$330
Shipping	
Indo-China Def	$160
Indo-China Pref....	
"Shell"	170/- B.
Shanghai Tug (o) ..	Tls. 32½
Shanghai Tug (f) ...	Tls. 37½ B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 10½ B.
Oriental Cons	21/-
Raub	$2½ B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$155 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 125 B.
New Eng. Works ...	Tls. 23½ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ...	Tls. 85
Hongkong Wharf ...	$97 x R B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land ..	Tls. 75½ B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 68
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 16½ B.
China Realty (ord.).	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 240
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 170
Oriental	Tls. 90
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 176
Kungyik	Tls. 34
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 19
Yangtszepoo Pref. ...	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tilles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$150 B.
Green Island	$2.70 B.
Langkats	Tls. 19 CNI B
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra ...	Tls. 115
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$12½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$98
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$6½
Weeks	$12 B.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 8½
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7½ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3½
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 20 B.
Batu Anam 1913 ..	Tls. 0.85
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2½
Bute	Tls. 0.85
Chemor United	Tls. 1
Chempedak	Tls. 7½
Cheng	Tls. 2.10
Consolidated	Tls. 2.60
Dominion	Tls. 6
Gula Kalumpong ...	Tls. 5.65
Java Consolidated ..	Tls. 13.90
Kamunting	Tls. 5½
Kapala	Tls. 0.35 B.
Kapayang	Tls. 16
Karan	Tls. 8½
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 5½
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 11 B.
Padang	Tls. 10
Pengkalan Durian ..	Tls. 4½
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.80 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.75 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.92½
Senawang	Tls. 8½
Shanghai Klebang ..	Tls. 0.60
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8
Shanghai Pabang ...	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 1.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8½
Sua Manggis	Tls. 4
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50
Shanghai Seremban ..	Tls. 0.85
Taiping	Tls. 1½
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.90
Tebong	Tls. 15
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 4 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber..	Tls. 250 m.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 12 B.
S'hai Elec. and Asb...	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 78 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 21½
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 25
Shanghai Mercury ...	Tls. 25
Shanghai Telephone..	Tls. 75 B.
S'hai Waterworks ...	Tls. 158

S. Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road
Telephone No. General 396

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo M. May 9
Per R.M.S. E. of Russia ..May 10
For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. May 9
For United Kingdom
*Per S.L. s.s. Carmarthenshire May 9
For Vladivostok
Per R.V.F. s.s. Sishan ....May 9
For Europe
Per M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat May 10

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per N.Y.K. s.s. K'shima M. May 14
*Parcel only to be sent by the s.s. Carmarthenshire

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
Today.							
V'stock and Siberia via Pukow and Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	13.50	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & E'pe, via U.S.A.	Tenyo M.		10.00	..	..	..	9.30
Nagasaki and Vladivostok ..	Sishan	..	14.00	..	..	..	13.30
Japan Ports	do	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, H'lulu, U.S.A. and Europe..	Tenyo M.	..	..	11.00	..	..	10.00
Japan, Canada, USA & Europe	E. of Russia	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Japan Ports	Yawata Maru	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Japan & America, via Moji..	Yawata Maru	..	..	..	..	$20.00	19.30
Japan Ports	Yawata Maru	19.30	..	..	..	..	19.00
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Amoy and Swatow	Chinkiang	22.00	17.00	..	..	..	22.00
United Kingdom, via Suez ..	"C'thenshire	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
S'tia, via N'saki & V'vostock	Sishan	..	..	..	..	$14.30	..	14.15
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & E'pe,	Tenyo M.	9.30	..	..	..	..	9.00
Hankow	Loongwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow.							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo.....	Tungchow	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Hongkong and Canton.....	Chenan	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
H'kong, S. Ports, A'tralia, Straits, Ceylon, India and Europe	†Paul Lecat	12.00	..	..	..	..	11.30
Hongkong, S. Ports, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe via Suez	do	..	11.30	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Tungchow	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong	Chenan	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
N'saki, V'tok, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	E. of Russia	..	15.00	..	..	..	14.00
Sunday, May 11.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Monday, May 12.							
Japan & America, via N'saki	Yamashiro M.	..	..	..	..	$20.00	19.30
Europe via Hongkong	Shidzuoka M.	..	..	..	..	c16.00	15.30
Hongkong	Shidzuoka M.	..	15.30	..	..	..	..
H'kong, S. Ports, A'tralia, Straits, Ceylon, India and Europe	Shidzuoka M.	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
Japan Ports	Yamashiro M.	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
Japan Ports	Yamashiro M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tuesday, May 13.							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo.....	Shuntien	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Shuntien	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	Sinkiang	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Hongkong	Sinkiang	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo.....	Koonshing	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Koonshing	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Wednesday, May 14.							
Swatow and Hongkong.....	Hopsang	..	10.00	..	..	..	..

*Parcel only

† Ordinary and registered articles will be closed at the French Post Office at 12 noon and parcel posts at noon on May 8.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7:30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 2 p.m.
C Letters and boxes with declared value 3:30 p.m.; parcel post and money orders 3 p.m.
D Money order and parcel post 11 a.m.
E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsinan, Tientsin, Petking, etc.
a.—at 21 for S.N.R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S.N.R. 7:55 o'clock train
Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

Passengers Arrived

Per R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk from Vladivostok and Nagasaki: Messrs. and Mesdames Mistri, Mishkaff, Tergasheva, Dimtriades, Sue, Greiner, Ducinas, Agareff and 4 children, Polk, Feldman, Miklashevesky, Nedesieka, Georgiades, Pepova, Plaheva, Merille, Forsen, Linholm, Dyment, Lozoff, Jukeff, Consul Grosse, Pehrens, Heikel.

Per C.N. s.s. Chinkiang from Amoy: Misses Cusden, L. A. Withens.

Per C.M. s.s. Taisaun from Ningpo: Bishop Raymond.

Per I-C. s.s. Loongwo from Hankow: Misses G. A. Crosby, C. T. Wood, Messrs. H. Stewart, Fawbairn, Lind.

Per C.N. s.s. Luenyi from Hankow: Mr. and Miss Colhmon, Capt. C. Dixon.

Per M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat from Yokohama: Mrs. C. Gaillard, Mr. and Mrs. Bohm and 2 infants, Miss C. Leroy, Mrs. and Miss Moioktoff, Mr. and Mrs. Veit, Mrs. Noble, Miss A. Nourse, Mr. and Mrs. Barton, Mr. and Mrs. Newberg and infant, Miss G. Rand, Miss H. W. Symes, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Merienne, Mr. and Mrs. Tedder and infant, Miss Geiger, Mrs. M. Petroy, Messrs. A. Weill, E. Chapeaux, Bokufeld, Daufricourt, J. Judah, A. H. Packer, W. D. Miller, L. Mooney, D. Warner, L. Ruggles, Ratcliff, R. A. MacKenzie, A. Lowrie, H. Jensen, G. W. Dove, Bremner, F. O. Marchant, Hutington, Fujita, E. M. Lu, King, Young, Tai, Klein, Chang Ping Yik, Andersen, Norstensen, Hansen, Zeiffert, Larsen, Wirger, Nicholson, L. C. Doy, D. Droiffer, H. Dawson, Geo. Coleman; from Kobe: Mr. and Mrs. Corvaby, Mr. and Mrs. Meltzer, Mrs. and Miss Turner, Messrs. E. C. Tudt, Mandel, J. Belbourgo W. Hansell; through passengers for Hongkong: Hing Cuy, Ng Chee, Lee King; for Saigon: Mrs. Jacques, Messrs. Bennefoy, L. Bourdon; for Singapore: Mr. and Mrs. Jorgensen; for Colobo: Mr. Main; for Marseilles: Miss Kolb, Mrs. Guignard, Mrs. Sanvau and baby, Messrs. des Monstiers, Garaccio, de Grandchamp, Amigues.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru from Hongkong: Hon. Mr. D. Landale, Lieut. F. C. Focken, Miss M. M. Hogben, Mrs. D. W. Conning, Rev. J. F. Matrat, Mrs. Brand and child, Misses S. A. Brand, Alice G. Ryan, Lily Wong, Mr. and Mrs. Ree Shou-yek and child, Messrs. F. H. Leonard, F. Nightingale, H. P. White, B. B. des Leinedais, W. H. Hopkins, D. Wilson, Y. Oki, Z. Murata, S. Hore, Yik Ke-chow.

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Protect your face, store several dozen of our ROYAL COLD CREAM
50 percent discount
Usual Price $4.80 doz.
Sale Price **$2.40** dozen
at Fancy Goods Dept.

Gent's Silk Socks 40 percent discount.
Usual price 50 cts. pair
Sale Price **30** cts. pair
Ladies Embroidered Silk Socks
50 percent discount.
Usual price 80 cts. pair
Sale Price **40** cts. pair
at Sock and Stocking Dept.

Iron Safe
48 inches
Usual price $250.00
Sale Price **$175.00**
42 inch Safes
Usual price $180.00
Sale Price **$144.00**
at Ironmongery Dept.

American-made Cotton Blankets for household use
50 percent discount
Usual price $1.50
Sale Price **75** cents
at Piece Goods Dept.

These are only a few of the Noted Values to which we call your special attention. There are thousands of other commodities equally favourable Bargains.

We only request your to come and judge for yourself.

THE SINCERE CO., LIMITED.
SHANGHAI EMPORIUM

Engagement Extraordinary!

By the
CARLTON CAFE
The one and only original
IRENE WEST
All America's gone crazy about her dancing. See her in
HAWAIIAN HULA-HULA
and
THE JAZZ DANCE

Mlle.
HELENE DUVAL
That "personality" Girl!
The Celebrated
French Soprano
in a repertoire of
Classical and Popular Selections.

SATURDAY During dinner and after in the Ballroom Reserve your tables, Phone C. 2301 and C. 2337. **SATURDAY**

AT THE
Olympic Theatre
FOR THE LAST TWO NIGHTS
Friday and Saturday, May 9th and 10th
"MY FOUR YEARS IN GERMANY"
TEN REELS

On Sunday and Monday, May 11th and 12th
"A THOUSAND DOLLAR HUSBAND"
A PARAMOUNT PICTURE

ISIS THEATRE
Special Programme Triangle Plays.
Friday, Saturday and Sunday, 9th, 10th and 11th May
Thomas Ince Comedy-drama
"BAWBS O' BLUE RIDGE"
Five Parts
Starring Bessie Barriscale
A World Famous Artist. Full of Fun and Laughter.

"MAID MAD"
Triangle Keystone Comedy
Two Parts
A Gale of Laughter

Box Seat 50 Cents.
Dress Circle 40 Cents.

Matinee Tomorrow
"The Count of Monte Cristo"
and
"The Million Dollar Mystery"

Matinee, Sunday
"Triangle Plays"

Victoria Theatre
TONIGHT
"GREED"
FIFTH SIN
OF THE
"SEVEN DEADLY SINS"

Matinee, Saturday at 4 p.m.
SHOWING
"THE SELFISH WOMAN"

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 11 a.m. (Customs) clock)

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 p.m.

TOMORROW

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat will leave the M.M. Jetty (French Bund) at 2.30 p.m.

The tender Alexandra conveying passengers and mails on board the R.M.S. Empress of Russia will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

Shipping Items

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Taiee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang Maru left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The R.V.F. s.s. Sishan will leave for Vladivostok via Nagasaki this afternoon. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at three o'clock.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The I.-C. s.s. Kutwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Kwangse will leave Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Sunday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru arrived in Shanghai from Hongkong yesterday and will sail for Seattle via Japan ports and Victoria, B.C. this morning at 5.30 o'clock.

The S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru is due in Shanghai from Dairen today and will leave for the same port tomorrow morning at eight o'clock. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at nine o'clock this evening.

The T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo Maru was expected to arrive at Woosung last night and will sail for San Francisco via Nagasaki, Inland Sea, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu this afternoon. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at one o'clock.

The M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat, with 18 through passengers and 78 for this port arrived at the lower buoy from J. yesterday morning and will sail for Marseilles and ports tomorrow afternoon. The tender Whangpoo with pasengers and mails will leave the French Mail Jetty at 2.30 o'clock.

The American gun-boat Villalobos left Shanghai yesterday.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Russia left Hongkong for Shanghai at noon yesterday and is due at Woosung tomorrow morning at nine o'clock. The tender with inward passengers and mails may be expected to reach the Customs Jetty at 12:30 p.m. The Russia sails for Vancouver via Japan ports, Vladivostok and Victoria, B.C. the same afternoon and the tender Alexandra with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at four o'clock.

APOLLO THEATRE
Tonight, May 9th, 1919, at 9.15 p.m.
ATTRACTION EXTRAORDINARY
For One Night Only
GRAND CONCERT
BY
Mme. MARIA FONDI
(Lyric Soprano from the Milan Conservatory)
AND
Mr. LUIGI CAVANNA
(Comedian, Baritone, Transformist)

PROGRAMME

PART I.
1.—Pathe's Gazette
2.—Tacea la notte Placida (Trovatore) ..... *Verdi*
3.—Vissi d'arte (Tosca) .... *Puccini*
4.—Sorrentine Melodia Napoletana ..... *Novita*
Mme. MARIA FONDI
5.—La Risata (Laughing Song)
6.—Le Clarinette de la Garde Repertoire .. .. *Polain*
7.—Sul Bateau (On the Ship)
Mr. L. CAVANNA

PART II.
8.—King Emmanuel's Entry Into Trieste.
9.—La Floraia (The Flower Girl)
(Comic Duet with 4 Transformations)
10.—Adventure di un Carnevale (Carnival Adventure)
11.—I Gatti (The Cats)
(The Cats on the Roof)
Mme. FONDI and Mr. CAVANNA

Admission : Dress Circle $2.00 and Stalls $1.00

BOOKING AT ROBINSON'S

AT THE APOLLO, MONDAY, MAY 12th

PATHE PRESENTS THE GREAT PICTURE PLAY WRITTEN AND DIRECTED BY IVAN ABRAMSON

"MORAL SUICIDE"

OR

"THE SLAYING OF THE SOUL"

7 PARTS 7 PARTS

IT IS A TRULY GREAT PICTURE

—— A STELLAR CAST ——

JOHN MASON
ANNE LUTHER
LEAH BAIRD

MAGNIFICENT PHOTOGRAPHY

GORGEOUS DRESSES

HERE IS THE STORY

Pathe presents "Moral Suicide," produced by the Graphic Film Corporation, story and direction by Ivan Abramson.

"Moral Suicide" at the Apollo Theatre on May 12, is a photo dramatic triumph with a vitally interesting story based upon an important life problem in which the absorbing details are unfolded in a most graphic manner by John Mason and a strong supporting cast.

The story is about Richard Covington, an aged millionaire, stockbroker and social leader of San Francisco. He is devoted to his motherless daughter, Beatrice, a pretty girl of twenty, and to Waverly, his twenty-two year old son.

Into the life of contentment at Covington home enters Fay Hope, a New York adventuress. Using all the witchery of her sensuous beauty and every alluring art of which she is mistress, Fay plays upon the heart strings of the aged millionaire. Friends warn Covington that Fay is seeking his money, but he is captivated and does not heed even the declaration of his daughter that marriage to such a woman means moral suicide.

The wedding takes place. Fay at once begins to connive to get the Convington wealth and realises that the presence of Beatrice is a serious stumbling block. She places Beatrice in such a position that Convington believing that she is attempting to mar his happiness, orders the daughter from his home.

Association with a woman of Fay's type begins to undermine Convington. His moral sense deteriorates; life-long friends begin to drift away from him, and with his social prestige he also loses part of his wealth. In the hour that he realises his losses he seeks comfort from Fay who admits that she only married him for his money.

His irresponsible son commits a murder; the result of the influence of Fay and Travers, and although Covington spends the remainder of his fortune in his efforts to save his son, the young man is convicted.

Later, amid the snow chilled streets of New York, half clad and starving, he gets a job as "sandwich" man. Seeking refuge from the intense cold he enters a cafe and through an open door catches a glimpse of his daughter, seated at a table, and surrounded by a class of men with whom she should not be seen. Covington is forced to believe that his own moral downfall has caused that of his daughter. Brushing aside those who attempt to stop him, Covington rushes to her. Then follows a surprising denouement which is a fitting end to this strong story. To reveal it would not be fair.

THE HIT OF THE SEASON AT THE APOLLO

A SUPPER 1919 PRODUCTION

THIS FILM RAN FOR ONE SOLID MONTH AT THE STRAND MOVIE THEATRE—A RECORD RUN FOR A FILM.

PRICES: CIRCLE . . . $1.50; ORCHESTRA STALLS . . . $1.00; PIT . . . 70 cts. Booking at Robinson's